

THE ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XXI

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1914.

NO. 21.

WM. MARKT'S SALOON HELD UP THURSDAY NIGHT

Two men with red bandanna handkerchiefs over their faces, shortly after 11 o'clock Thursday night, walked into a side entrance of Wm. Markt's saloon at 4634 San Bruno road, this county, and demanded money from some men who were playing cards in a back room.

They began firing revolvers immediately killing a patron by the name of Dave Williams and badly wounding a man named Leon Galatoire, formerly owner of a butcher shop in the Merriam block in this city.

Markt, the proprietor of the saloon, who had a bullet shot through his hat, commenced firing his revolver, hitting both men.

The men backed out of the saloon and disappeared. One of them, Tim Donovan received a bad wound in the neck. He was later discovered by the police of San Francisco leaning against a telephone pole.

He told the police that his partner, Jim Daly, was dead in a barn back of the saloon. After considerable searching, no traces of Daly were found.

Constable Jas C. Wallace and City Marshall H. W. Kneese of this city were telephoned to late Thursday night and proceeded to the location of the tragedy and aided in the search.

Coroner H. G. Plymire was notified, went to the scene of the shooting and made an investigation. He found several bullets.

Sheriff J. H. Mansfield arrested Markt last evening and took him to Redwood City where he will be held pending an investigation.

At last accounts Galatoire, although badly wounded, was still alive.

VOLUNTEER FIRE COMPANY ENTERTAINMENT AND BASEBALL

The members of the Volunteer Fire Company enjoyed themselves at a smoker in the fire house Wednesday evening. Two colored "warblers," who sang a great variety of songs, were appreciated. A Dutch lunch prepared by "the Colonel" was enjoyed by everybody. Tomorrow morning the hook and ladder boys will play those of the hose cart. The game will be called at 11 a. m. on the local diamond. The lineup is as follows:

| | |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| F. Menzie.....P..... | W. Hyland |
| E. Welcher.....C..... | T. Spellman |
| T. Myles.....1..... | O. Bissett |
| J. Myles.....2..... | T. Medaros |
| L. DeLange.....3..... | J. Fischer |
| F. Fischer.....SS..... | F. Cherry |
| C. Woodman.....RF..... | N. Taylor |
| P. McCormick.....CF..... | M. Pava |
| J. Bianchi.....LF..... | P. Bowler |

See the fine line of Women's Spring and Summer Waists, from 65 cents to \$3.50, at Schneider's. Advt.

A BUSINESS OF YOUR OWN

Somewhere in the back of your head have you the idea of owning your own business some day?

Your great need is Capital.

There are two ways you can get it, and a bank account has to do with both of them. Save and deposit money and you will accumulate part if not all of the necessary Cash.

You will also build up a Credit to add to the power of your Capital.

Bank of South San Francisco
COMMERCIAL SAVINGS

LOCAL HAPPENINGS TOLD IN BRIEF

Who is Mr. Bob?

Miss Grace Sharkey is visiting Mrs. A. McSweeney.

Mrs. A. Swanson of Petaluma was a visitor here Thursday.

Born—In this city, May 20th, to the wife of H. P. Tyson, a girl.

John Marley has left on his spring vacation. He will return soon.

S. D. Merk, editor of the Burlingame Advance, was in this city Wednesday. Lester Montgomery, formerly a resident here, was in this city Sunday.

Justice P. E. Lamb of Burlingame was a visitor to this city on Wednesday.

George A. Posey, engineer for Haviland & Tibbetts, was in town Thursday.

Mrs. William Cooley of San Francisco was visiting in this city Wednesday.

The Embroidery Club was entertained by Miss Mabel McCollm Thursday evening.

The work laying the asphaltum coat on Linden avenue started at 1:40 p. m. yesterday.

H. O. Heiner, county recorder, and M. Sheehan, probation officer, were visitors here Tuesday.

J. L. Brown, editor of the San Mateo Index and the Daly City Record, was a visitor here Tuesday.

Mrs. A. Kellogg, a former resident of South San Francisco, was in town Wednesday visiting friends.

The Fraternal Brotherhood Lodge is perfecting plans for a social dance to be held Monday evening, June 29th.

The Fair Sewing Club will meet at the home of Miss Irene Mercks Monday. Members are requested to be present.

Miss Bernice Stone has returned to San Francisco after spending several weeks here with her aunt, Mrs. J. A. McCall.

Guess who Mr. Bob is

A restaurant for the use of its workmen was opened by the Western Meat Company in its packing plant Thursday.

News has just been received here that Adrienne Vandenbos, formerly of this city, appeared at a concert on April 26th in Belgium.

The local fire hydrants are being repaired and new stems attached to them in place of the old ones, most of which were very much worn.

A new building soon to be occupied, is being built at the W. P. Fuller paint works. Owing to the increase in the business this addition is necessary.

James Anderson is contemplating a residence in San Francisco. His many friends will miss him, for he has gained much popularity during his stay here.

Mrs. W. J. Martin motored to Redwood City last Wednesday to attend a meeting of the Womans' Board of the P. P. I. E., which was held at the home of Mrs. Merrill. Mrs. John Johns acted as chairman.

Born—In Crocker Tract, Daly City, May 18th, to the wife of H. T. Rolff, a boy. Mrs. Rolff is the oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. I. Woodman of this city. Mother and babe are doing nicely.

Mrs. Olmstead will give a card party in Froedel Hall, San Mateo, Wednesday, for the benefit of Mothers' Monument Fund. Score cards will be fifty cents. Mrs. W. J. Martin will give a card party some time next month for the same purpose.

Last night a birthday party was given in honor of Miss Consuelo Raspadori at Willowee, her home near Holy Cross. The young hostess received a number of presents from her many friends. The evening was spent in games and a general good time enjoyed by the young folks.

G. Lippl, of this city, has sworn to a warrant for the arrest of his wife, who is alleged to have deserted him and two children and departed for parts unknown last Monday afternoon, taking money belonging to both

(Continued on Page 4.)

FRED BARROW INJURES WIFE AND LATER KILLS SELF

Crazed with liquor, Fred Barrow, proprietor of the Sixteen-mile House for a few months, last Tuesday tried to kill his wife with a meat cleaver, which cut her forehead and face badly. She was saved from death by the prompt action of a barkeeper named Funicchi, who grabbed Barrow's arm, permitting the wife to escape. She was immediately rushed to Dr. Plymire's hospital in this city by Dr. F. H. Smith of San Bruno, where she is now recovering.

Barrow was arrested and locked up in the local city jail by Marshal H. W. Kneese. On account of Barrow's actions he was thoroughly searched two or three times, but nothing which he could injure himself was found.

Wednesday afternoon Deputy Sheriff John Shields came to this city to take Barrow to Redwood City.

Night Watchman Acheson went to the jail and found Barrow bleeding at the nose. He asked Barrow the cause of it. Barrow told the officer to let him alone and tell nobody. Upon closer inspection, he discovered Barrow had cut his throat. Acheson then rushed back to the officers and told them and telephoned to Coroner Plymire.

Thursday afternoon a coroner's inquest was held and the cause of death investigated by a summoned jury, who found that Barrow came to his death from a wound in his neck, self-inflicted with suicidal intent.

After Barrow died, a small pocket knife, with which Barrow killed himself, was found in the blankets on which Barrow was lying.

MRS. VAN VALIN'S RECITAL A SUCCESSFUL AFFAIR

Last night a recital was given at the home of Mrs. Van Valin. While some of the pupils have been taking music but six months, their interpretation, technique, and memory work was splendid. Too much credit can not be given Mrs. Van Valin for her work. After the program, refreshments were served, and the parents, friends and children had a happy time. The following program was rendered: Duet, "The Bobolink," Hermann, Eleanor Hynding, Emily Van Valin; Group of Flower Songs, Jean Smeltzer, Ruth Snyder; a, "Cradle Songs," Gurlit; b, "Jolly Blacksmith," Ralph Woodman; "I Don't Want to Play in Your Yard, vocal, Rose Van Valin; "The Gingerbread Man," Burrows, Elizabeth Coffinberry; "The Festival March," Harris, Mabelle Spellman; duet, Koelling, Ralph Woodman, Earl Van Valin; song, "There's No One Home But Me," Spaulding, Ruth, Snyder, Eleanor Hynding; "The Pixies," Brown, Rose Van Valin; "Song of the Bold Pixie," Brown, Ruth Snyder; "The Pixies on the Water," Brown, Alice Wallace; "The Pixies at the Indian Village," Brown, Byrne McSweeney; "A Short Sketch of Schumann," solo, "The Hunting Song," Schumann, Beatrice Eikerenkotter; "After the Rain," Spaulding, Earle Van Valin; duet, Lolita Kelley and Mrs. Van Valin; song, "Have You Seen My Kitten?" Carrie Jacobs Bond, Alice Wallace; solo, "Humoresque," Dvorak.

Do You Want a Home?

The South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company will build you a house on any lot in South San Francisco, on very easy terms. Select your lot, choose your design and apply at the Company's office, 306 Linden avenue, for full particulars

COUNTY CANDIDATES, TAKE NOTICE!

The population of San Mateo county has very materially increased during the last two years, especially that of the northern section. Increased population means larger number of votes. The Enterprise, which covers the first township (northern section), suggests to seekers after county offices the advisability of placing their announcements in its columns. The rate is very reasonable—\$5 in advance for a one-inch space from now until the date of the primary election—August 25th, 1914.

Byrne McSweeney; reading, "Daisy's Practice Hour," Beatrice Eikerenkotter; "Robin's Lullaby," Eleanor Hynding; a, "The Wind," b, "Sunbeams," Alice Wing, Elizabeth Coffinberry; "Flirtation Dance," Brown, Beatrice Eikerenkotter; duet, "Spanish Dance No. 1," Moskowsky, Byrne McSweeney, Mrs. Van Valin.

HIGH SCHOOL PLAY ON JUNE 5th.

As announced a few weeks ago, the students of the local high school are to present a play before the end of school. The date has been set for Friday evening, June 5th, and the place, Metropolitan Hall. "Mr. Bob," a comedy in two acts, very popular among amateurs, will be staged. Practice has been going on steadily for some time and the characters are rapidly rounding into proper form. The cast is as follows: Miss Rebecca Luke, a maiden lady, fond of cats, Florence Brawn; Katherine Rogers, Miss Rebecca's niece, Agnes Karbe; Marion Bryant, Katherine's friend, Helen Carmody; Patty, the maid, fond of drama, Minnie Foley; Philip Royson, Miss Rebecca's nephew, Reuben Smith; Mr. Brown, attorney at law, Arthur Woodman; Jenkins, the butler, Howard Reichardt.

Most of these young people have been seen on the local stage before, and the next appearance is awaited with pleasure. They are being coached by Miss Wilkinson and Miss Clifford of the high school faculty, both of whom have had considerable experience in such work, so a successful performance is assured.

For Sale—A modern house, with barn, chicken coops, etc., in Peck's Lots; a snap for a quick sale. P. O. Box 502. Advt.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CITY BOARD OF TRUSTEES

The city board of trustees met in regular session in the city hall last Monday evening.

An application was received from Valenti & Galli, bakers, for permission to make an addition to a barn and construct a concrete floor.

Action on the application laid over until next meeting.

An application was received from the Pacific Gas and Electric Co. for permission to erect three electric light and power poles on Orange avenue, between Baden and Commercial, so service can be given A. Berne.

Referred to City Engineer Kneese.

A communication from the Carnegie Corporation of New York (published in The Enterprise last week) in reference to donating \$10,000 for the erection of a Carnegie Library building in this city was received.

A resolution agreeing to maintain such a library to the extent of at least \$1000 a year was adopted by the board and the clerk directed to send a copy to the Carnegie Corporation.

City Engineer Kneese reported that street work in different parts of the city was progressing all right. He recommended that Eucalyptus avenue be brought to grade between Miller and Baden avenues.

The board decided to have Eucalyptus, Orange, Magnolia, Spruce and Maple avenues, between Miller and Baden, improved by paving with oiled macadam, under same specifications as Miller and Baden avenues.

City Attorney Coleberd was directed to prepare resolutions of intention to have the work done.

Trustees McGovern, Cunningham and Wallace were appointed as a committee to confer with the officers of the local water committee in the matter of having fire hydrants in the city repaired.

The board decided to rebate poll taxes to local volunteer firemen, as a recompense for services rendered.

City Clerk Smith was authorized to employ help to prepare the assessment roll for this year's taxes.

Several claims were allowed and ordered paid.

May Manton fashion book for 5 cents if purchased with a pattern, including free transfer embroidery pattern, 30 cents value for 15 cents at "The Hub." Advt.

J. Addington, Visitation. Painting, tinting and odd jobs a specialty. Prices reasonable. Leave orders with J. Carmondy, the grocer. Advt.

Do Your Summer Cooking on a Modern

GAS RANGE

GUARANTEED TO SAVE

LABOR in operating

COST in heating

FAILURE in results

Inspect our stock

Pacific Gas and Electric Company
SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

ADDS NEW EPOCH TO HISTORY OF CONTINENT

A vast and vanished age has now been definitely added to the history of the American continent by palaeontological discoveries of the University of California.

Sea-creatures of more than fifty different extinct species never known before have been discovered by Dr. Roy Earnest Dickerson, and by their aid he has proved what Professor J. C. Merriam had forecasted and C. E. Weaver, now professor in the University of Washington, had asserted in a previous publication of the University of California—that the Martinez Eocene of California is a distinct epoch. By careful study of the enormously thick "Martinez" beds laid down in California in that long-distant age Dr. Dickerson has proved these deposits far older in their beginnings than even the Midway beds of the Gulf states, heretofore regarded as the oldest monument of Eocene times in America. His results and conclusions, which more than double the world's knowledge of the subject, have just been published by the University of California as a volume on "The Fauna of the Martinez Eocene in California."

A semi-tropic sea washed over Los Angeles and Santa Barbara, San Francisco and Santa Rosa, when the Martinez Eocene beds were formed. This sea covered Marin and Sonoma and most of Lake, Alameda, Contra Costa, Santa Barbara, Ventura, Los Angeles, and Orange counties. And the Martinez age lasted a vast period of time—long enough for three zones of evolving species of life to be recorded in the rocks, so long that the mud and sand washed down from the ancient coastlines and from the mouths of rivers now long vanished, and the shells and minute life settling down through the sea, piled up and piled up in the sea-bottom to a depth, still observable in Lake county, of not less than four thousand feet.

Of the sea-creatures which flourished in the chilly water of the California shore of the Cretaceous age, (which came before the Martinez Eocene) only four species lived on into the Martinez age. Then came a change to a climate decidedly warmer than that of California to-day. Some thirty species of the Martinez Eocene age lived on into the next succeeding age in California—the Tejon Eocene, a period when the climate had grown warmer still, and tropical species swarmed in the waters of the California coast. The coastline in that Tejon age was far east of the present coast of California and its shores stretched from what is now the Tehachapi range on northward along the line of the present Sierra foothills, and far to the east and north of Mount Saint Helena. For in that later Tejon age, what is now the vast fertile valley of the Sacramento and San Joaquin lay deep beneath the wave of a tropical sea.

The relation of palaeontology to the oil industry of California has made investigations in this field of great practical as well as great scientific value.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT GROWERS' CONVENTION

The California Fruit Growers' will meet in convention at the University Farm at Davis, June 1 to 6.

The University of California has received word that the Southern Pacific and Santa Fe railroads have authorized a convention rate of a fare and one-third on the certificate plan, purchaser buying a one-way ticket to Davis and securing a receipt, which, when signed at the University Farm, will entitle the holder to a return trip at one-third fare. For parties of one hundred or more traveling together on regular trains from any one point a one-way fare for the round trip can be secured. If fruit-growers from distant parts of the state could arrange to get together at some central point, they might take advantage of this party rate.

Rooms on the campus at the University Farm will be available at the rate of: Single rooms, one in room, seventy-five to a dollar; single beds

or cots, two or more in a room fifty cents; meals, thirty-five cents each.

Those desiring to reserve rooms in Davis should send their request to the Business Office, University Farm, supplying the following information:

1. Price of room desired.
2. Whether to be occupied by men or women.
3. Give the number of days room will be occupied.
4. Reservations, if not claimed before 8:30 p. m. of the day asked for will be cancelled, unless paid for in advance.

5. Preference will be given those desiring rooms in the dormitory for the full five days of the convention.

The Davis Chamber of Commerce is preparing a list of rooms available in private homes in Davis. These will be available at substantially the same rates as on the campus.

The indications are that the room accommodations will be taxed to the limit, and it is desirable that those wishing rooms send in their applications as soon as possible.

The program for the week includes one hundred and thirty different speakers, many of whom are America's greatest authorities on horticultural subjects. They come from many states. This gathering of fruit-growers is entirely unlike anything that has ever been held in California, or for that matter, any state in the union. Every man or woman who is interested in the growing of any kind of fruits, the University believes should make it a business to be present at least a few days. Those who wish to come in automobiles will find parking space available. Any who may wish to bring camping equipment and provide their own sleeping quarters will be afforded space free of charge. Meals can be secured in the College Dining Hall.

COUNTY DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION NEWS

Issued upon authority of San Mateo County Development Association:

At the meeting of the board of governors of the San Mateo County Development Association, Chairman D. G. Doubleday of the transportation committee admitted the following report, which shows the progress of the association in reference with railroad matters:

"1. The directors of the San Francisco-San Mateo Interurban Right of Way Company spent last Saturday in going over the county with reference to outlining the most advantageous route for running a survey down the Peninsula from San Francisco to Palo Alto, a distance of thirty miles.

"2. The directors interviewed a number of property owners and held important conferences as a result of which much encouragement was received as well as practical tenders of co-operation and assistance in carrying out the plans of a free and independent railroad.

"3. It may be stated that the directors have been assured of free private rights of way through something like seven miles of territory. The committee will meet shortly to continue the work of making a personal inspection in reference to making the preliminary survey.

"4. The railroad committee has approved of a number of persons to act on the committee at large and will shortly submit a list to your body for approval. The endorsement of practically the entire county in the undertaking has acted as a splendid inspiration to your committee.

"5. Your chairman has held a conference with Attorney Seth Mann in reference to the development association's legal battle for lower fares, which comes up for hearing before the State Railroad Commission on July 20th."

Resolutions were passed by the board of governors expressing sincere thanks and appreciation to the law firm of Ross & Ross for its unselfish efforts in behalf of this association and the people of the county in preparing the papers for the organization of the right of way company.

The County Exposition Commission, which consists of H. P. Bowie, A. G. C. Hahn, Dr. C. L. Morgan, George R. Sneath and James McCormick Sr., has been quietly at work taking care of the Peninsula's interests in relation with the Panama-Pacific Fair. At

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

The county board of supervisors met in regular session in Redwood City last Monday.

Attorney Archer Kincaid presented a petition, signed by a large number of residents, protesting against the removal of the county jail from its present location to the residence near the courthouse.

In an address to the board Mr. Kincaid suggested that if a change is desired it be to the business district of the city and that a building be erected that would also serve as a hall of justice. The jail so located would not be offensive.

Attorney E. F. Fitzpatrick also spoke in support of the petition and agreed that there could be no objection to erecting a building in the central portion of the city which could also serve as a hall of justice.

H. W. Schaberg also spoke in support of the petition.

J. F. Ford addressed the board and offered for its consideration as a suitable jail site all of block six, distant two blocks from the courthouse.

It was ordered, on the suggestion of Supervisor MacBain, that the matter be postponed until the next meeting, May 25th.

Tax Collector McSweeney reported the total tax collections to date as \$179,505.08, which amount had been paid to the treasurer.

M. F. Brown, chief of the motorcycle squad, reported as follows:

Officer Lowans worked fourteen days, no arrests.

Officer Brown, worked fourteen days, one arrest, four cases pending.

Officer Logan worked fourteen days, one arrest, one case pending.

Officer Vallejo, worked twelve and one-half days, no arrests.

A communication was received from the San Francisco chamber of commerce suggesting that the county burial ordinance be so amended as to exempt from tax those bodies that are being removed from San Francisco to this county. The communication was referred to the district attorney.

A communication was received from the San Mateo County Center, protesting against the issuance of a liquor license to a certain proposed roadhouse at Millbrae.

The communication was accepted and filed for future reference.

The following resolution authorizing the purchase of \$125,000 worth of state highway bonds was introduced by Supervisor MacBain and adopted on his motion, seconded by Supervisor Casey, Blackburn voting in the negative.

"Whereas, the State Highway Commission of the state of California, has through E. D. Roberts, state treasurer of said state, offered to the county of San Mateo certain state highway bonds in the sum of one hundred twenty-five thousand (\$125,000.00) dollars at par, the serial numbers of said bonds being from 9275 to 9400 inclusive with the maturities of the year 1940, and

"Whereas the proceeds of said bonds are to be used in the construction of the main county highway

the commission's last meeting a contract was entered into with Professor Folsom of the Stanford University, and his assistant, F. L. Brown, to make a relief map of San Mateo county 16 feet long and 10 feet wide, which will be placed in our exhibit. The map will subsequently be taken to the rotunda of the courthouse for display.

On June 1st the commission will meet to appoint a manager for the county's exhibit. Applications for this position should be addressed to A. G. C. Hahn, Exposition Commission, Courthouse, Redwood City.

"Pay in advance, sir."

"Why, don't all telegraph messages go on tick?"

Success may ruin some persons, but that does not deter the strugglers up the ladder.

Heated discussions don't always make warm friends.

known as El Camino Real through said county of San Mateo, and

"Whereas, this board of supervisors is desirous of encouraging the immediate completion of said road.

"Be it therefore resolved, that this board invest one hundred twenty-five thousand (\$125,000.00) dollars of the surplus funds of said county in the purchase of said bonds at par.

"Be it ordered that P. P. Chamberlain, treasurer of said county of San Mateo, be hereby authorized to purchase said bonds."

It was explained that by purchasing the bonds at par and selling them below par, as will be necessary, the county will lose about \$3000 which is considered a wise expenditure since it will bring about the completion of the state highway through the county.

The clerk proceeded to open bids for the purchase of the Montara school district bonds.

But one bid was received, that of G. G. Blymyre, which firm offered a premium of \$7.50 for the bond issue of \$3000 recently voted by that district. The bid was accepted on motion of Supervisor Blackburn, seconded by Supervisor Casey.

For the Burlingame school district's bond issue of \$26,000 the following bids were received:

Torrance-Marshall Company, \$91.

Byrne & McDonald, \$140.

Wm. R. Staats, \$55.

On motion of Supervisor Blackburn, seconded by Supervisor Casey, the bonds were sold to Byrne & McDonald, they being the highest and best bidder.

County Surveyor Neuman reported on the culverts under the fill near Montara lighthouse, stating that he had taken the matter up with the Ocean Shore Railroad Co., asking them to provide better facilities for drainage and presented a letter stating that they could not better the drainage facilities for the present. Whereon the board ordered the county surveyor to extend the present pipes under the fill of the county road and let it go for the present.

Mr. Neuman reported that he had taken up the matter of paving the crossings at San Bruno with the United Railroads and the Southern Pacific Company and had received a letter from the United Railroads stating that they would conform with our work just as soon as our contractor had finished the work up to their tracks. A letter was also received from the Southern Pacific Company, which stated that work was being which they were paying a portion of the taxes. They felt that the county should do the work. On motion the matter was referred to District Attorney Swart.

A warrant drawn on the county treasurer in favor of C. Malerbi was ordered cancelled upon the request of County Surveyor Neuman, the matter having been adjusted for a smaller amount than allowed by the warrant. This was paid by the county surveyor for right of way and put in as expense.

Supervisor Casey reported the death of a well known resident of San Bruno who had left his family in destitute circumstances. He recommended that aid be extended to them. On his motion, seconded by Supervisor MacBain, it was ordered that the family be paid \$25 monthly.

Supervisor MacBain was authorized to change the specifications in the Middlefield road now being built by the Federal Construction Company, he change being acceptable to the contractors. The added cost, \$1500, will be a charge against the district.

Resolutions were adopted confirming the sale of the bonds of the Burlingame and Montara school districts. Adjourned to Monday, May 5th.

Those South American rules certainly did a laudable thing when offering their good offices to restore peace and good feeling between the United States and Huerta. But was it not risky? How did they know that the next morning they would have revolutions of their own to handle?

"Is he an apostle of humanity?" "Is he? He has twelve children and won't let one of them take music lessons."

A Minnesota college offers a course in sausage making. The students will certainly have a long grind ahead of them.

POPULAR MECHANICS MAGAZINE FOR JUNE

The war story in pictures—nine pages of them—supplemented by a sapient editorial by H. H. Windsor, is a strong feature of the June Popular Mechanics Magazine. The views are nearly all reproductions of actual photographs that press home a thousand details which would have been lost in the mere recounting of events and incidents. In another editorial, "Reform the Reformers," Mr. Windsor says:

"With the public mind so engrossed with the Mexican matter, we may get a brief respite from the deluge of reforms which, like the avalanche, seems to gather volume in its descent. That there are evils and injustices galore is not to be denied; but we really are not half as bad at heart, or even in performance, as we have allowed ourselves to be painted to our own eyes. . . . Is it not a fact that never in history of the United States were there so many honest men, honest businesses, and honestly made products as to-day? Was there ever, in any land, since the dry land appeared out of the wilderness of waters, as many or as large benefactions of every kind for suffering humanity, as to-day? Yet how few columns are devoted to the constructive story of the good things being done, and how many pages to destructive articles!

"The Mexican trouble will not be without its compensation if it only affords some relief from the obsession of reforms, and even in a measure reforms the reformer."

The June number of Popular Mechanics Magazine contains 332 articles and 340 illustrations. The cover design handsomely depicts a popular water sport "sharpie" racing, a modified form of yacht racing, affording much excitement at little expense. How two prominent airmen, Glenn Curtis and Lincoln Beachey, plan to reconstruct Prof. Samuel Pierpont Langley's aerodrome, equip it with a modern motor, and demonstrate its practicability in actual flight, is shown in a handsome page view, while an article discusses the matter in detail. "Playing the Game of War," by Louis E. Browne, describes the means employed by the Naval War College to prepare its students for the exigencies of actual warfare. Two pages of pictures accompany this article. Something new in motor cars is a two-wheeled machine balanced by a gyroscope. The gyroscope, it is said, is so mounted that it is not affected by any grade or horizontal turn, but acts instantly when the car starts to tip sideways.

There are many fine page views and page groups of views in the June magazine, and besides those already mentioned. Some of them show: Student military camps under army auspices; an extraordinary automobile skid; various adaptations of the bungalow porch; the first newspaper printed in the English language; the new United States superdreadnought "Texas;" effects of a "norther" in a Chilean harbor; amusements at the Panama-Pacific Exposition; artificial waterways in many lands; Mont Blanc's aerial railway, etc.

A new weapon for the United States army weighs but 35 lb. and will fire separate shots or may be made to fire, automatically, 300 shots a minute. It has an effective range of about one mile. Other features of the June magazine, worthy of special notice, are: "French Build Artificial Island of Concrete;" "Moving-Picture Theater with Open Roof;" "Cost of Sending Wireless Messages;" "What Education Does for the Convict;" "Remarkable Photograph of Automobile Accident;" "Electrical Map Teaches Geography;" "How a Ship Gets Through the Gatun Locks;" "New Life-Saving Apparatus," etc.

Both the Shop Notes and Amateur Mechanics departments are "written so you can understand it," like the rest of the magazine, and contain many fine drawings and diagrams. A special feature of the Amateur Mechanics department is detailed instructions for constructing a houseboat.

A music trust is to be formed. Its promoters ought to be able to work in harmony.

South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.

FOUNDERS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

THE SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY designed in its original plan to make of South San Francisco a great manufacturing center. With that object in view, it originally purchased 3500 acres of land in San Mateo County, on the bay front, five miles south of the City of San Francisco. Since the original purchase, the company has added greatly to its holdings by the purchase of large tracts of adjoining lands, giving to it a perfect environment for the complete development of a great manufacturing city.

The faith which this Company had in its enterprise has been manifest to everyone by the large expenditure it has made in the development of this property. Every foundation which goes to make a perfect condition for manufacture has been already solidly installed, and

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

is a rapidly growing city; it is a railroad terminal; it is on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and accessible to all railroads; has deep water communication; owns and operates for its industries a railroad connecting with the Southern Pacific and the water front; has electric street car service from factory to town, and direct to San Francisco; has an Electric Light and Power Company; owns an independent Water Works, and has an abundance of fresh water for factory and house; has wharves and docks; a perfect sewerage system; a Bank and a Town Hall; and a population of over 3000 people; an extensive and fine residence district, where everyone may secure lands at reasonable prices and on favorable terms, as homes for themselves and their families.

FACTORY SITES

can be obtained from the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company on most reasonable terms.

South San Francisco is on the main lines of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and forty passenger trains per day connect it with the outside world.

Many industries are already established here, chief of which are the Western Meat Company, the Wool Pullery, the Soap Works, the Steiger Pottery Works, the W. P. Fuller & Co. Paint Works, the South San Francisco Lumber and Supply Company, the Pacific Coast Steel Company, the Pacific Car and Equipment Company, the Standard Corrugated Pipe Works, the Shaw Batcher Pipe Works, Enterprise Foundry and Prest-o-Lite Works. The Meese-Gottfried Machinery Company of San Francisco and the American Marble and Mosaic Company have purchased land and will soon operate. South San Francisco is plainly destined to fulfill all that its promoters had hoped.

For Manufacturing Purposes, South San Francisco Has No Equal on San Francisco Bay

PARTIES DESIRING LOCATIONS SHOULD APPLY TO

W. J. MARTIN, Land Agent, South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.
South San Francisco, San Mateo County, California.

NEXT TIME

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CALIFENE

It will make your friends wonder how you get that nice, rich, savory crust they somehow cannot bake. Be generous. Give them the secret. Tell them about Califene, the new shortening that makes every baking day cheerful. Be sure they remember the name Califene, made in South San Francisco and sold everywhere in California.

ASK YOUR DEALER

Manufactured from the purest vegetable oil and selected beef fat in a modern and sanitary plant
 under the watchful eyes of U. S. Government Inspectors.

Western Meat Company

THE ENTERPRISE

Published every Saturday by the
Enterprise Publishing Co.
Everett I. Woodman, Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice at South San Francisco, Cal., as second-class matter, December 19, 1895.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year, in advance.....\$2 00
Six Months " 1 00
Three Months " 50
Advertising rates furnished on application.

Office on Linden Avenue, near Bank.

SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1914.

FORMER SUPERVISOR DEBENEDETTI DEAD

Hundreds of friends throughout the county learned with regret of the death Tuesday night of Joseph Debenedetti, for several terms supervisor from the fourth district, a pioneer merchant and one of the most prominent men in the county for more than a score of years. Surrounded by his family the end came at his home in Halfmoon Bay at 9:40 o'clock.

Deceased was a native of Italy, 65 years of age. He came to California at an early age, locating at Spanish-town where he prospered in the mercantile business and soon became the recognized leader of his countrymen and also the large element of Portuguese residents on the coast side. Time and again they elected him supervisor until five years ago when he retired on account of approaching old age. He was equally successful in business and had the confidence of his constituents and the public to a marked degree.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Teresa Debenedetti and seven children. The three daughters are Mrs. Josie Michielli of San Francisco, Mrs. Angie Francis and Miss Irene Debenedetti of Halfmoon Bay. The four sons are John L. Debenedetti of San Mateo, Will and Henry Debenedetti of Halfmoon Bay and George Debenedetti of San Bruno.

Funeral services were held at 10:30 Thursday morning and were attended by a large concourse of people from all over the county—many official and ex-officials being present. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery at Halfmoon Bay.

BE PROUD OF YOUR TOWN OR LEAVE IT.

If there be one better way than another to ruin a town, it is for those who live in it to go about apologizing for its existence. There are some who are always ready to say, by their actions at least, that this place don't amount to much. They will tell you that the town is dead; that no one would think of stopping here; that some town adjacent is more respectable, more enterprising, has better people, better enjoyments, is ahead of us in everything. This is all wrong. Even if it were true, no one should ever admit it, when it comes to making a comparison. Every good citizen of this town should take a special pride in all that pertains to home. The schools, the churches, the amusements, the business, pleasures, the picnics, the celebrations, in fact everything should be looked on by our own people as just as good as can be gotten up elsewhere. The town that says "we can" will always succeed. The town that says, "Oh, I don't know. I don't think it will amount to much," is never of much force. It you have no local pride, borrow some.—Marysville Democrat.

LETTER LIST.

List of letters remaining unclaimed at the postoffice at South San Francisco, Cal., May 20, 1914.

Domestic—Casma, M. S.; Lean, G.; Plunkett, Will.
Foreign—Frugoli, Pamela; Lorenzi, Carlo (2); Smith, H. J. L. (2).
E. E. Cunningham, Postmaster.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

of them. At this writing no traces of the wife have been learned.

Last Wednesday evening a few of Mr. W. H. Siebecker's friends helped him celebrate his birthday at his home in Peck's Lots. The evening was spent in playing whist, and after the game refreshments were served. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Schneider, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Wolfe, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Lewis, Miss Dora Harder and W. H. Siebecker.

About two weeks ago Constable Jas C. Wallace found a deserted automobile near the site of the old Southern Pacific depot in this city. Later it proved to belong to a man in Los Angeles, from whom it had been stolen. He learned through an agent for that make of machine that it had been found. The agent gave Constable Wallace the munificent sum of \$2.50 as a reward, which after paying for telephone charges, etc., very little of it was left.

A number of boys of this city are planning on taking a trip to Harrison Mills, which is a few miles beyond La Honda, on Friday, May 29th. They will make the trip in Mr. Reichardt's automobile and will stay about three or four days. They will spend their time in hiking and fishing and expect to have a good time. The boys are Joe Kent, Reuben Smith, Arthur Woodman, Howard and Erwin Reichardt, of this city, and George and Fred Reineker of San Francisco.

Died—In San Francisco, May 13th, Kate McGrath, a native of Clonmel, County Tipperary, Ireland, aged 55 years. The funeral took place Monday, May 16th, at 8:30 o'clock from the parlors of Samuel McFadden, 1070 Haight street, thence to St. Dominic's Church, where a requiem high mass was celebrated for the repose of her soul. Interment, Holy Cross cemetery. Kate McGrath was a property owner in South San Francisco for many years.

PHYSIOLOGIST CALLS ASPARAGUS THE GIFT OF THE GODS

"Asparagus is a gift of the gods—a finished food plant," says J. B. Norton, physiologist of the United States Department of Agriculture.

"Long ages before your waiter placed that steaming platter of luscious asparagus on toast in front of you, the cave men of Anjou, the lake dwellers of Switzerland, the wild man of the English dunes devoured asparagus shoots in no way inferior to those shipped into your home from the Concord fields. Growing in the cradle of civilization the common asparagus has spread with the spread of culture.

"Many other vegetables have been changed so by their growers that at present we have hard work to connect them with their wild parent types, while asparagus is still unchanged.

"Now why has this been? Some of its admirers say that it is because it is already perfect. A gift of the gods—a finished food plant. While we must admit with those who have tried to kill out an old bed that it undoubtedly seems endowed with immortality, nevertheless, while it is all good yet some asparagus is better than others.

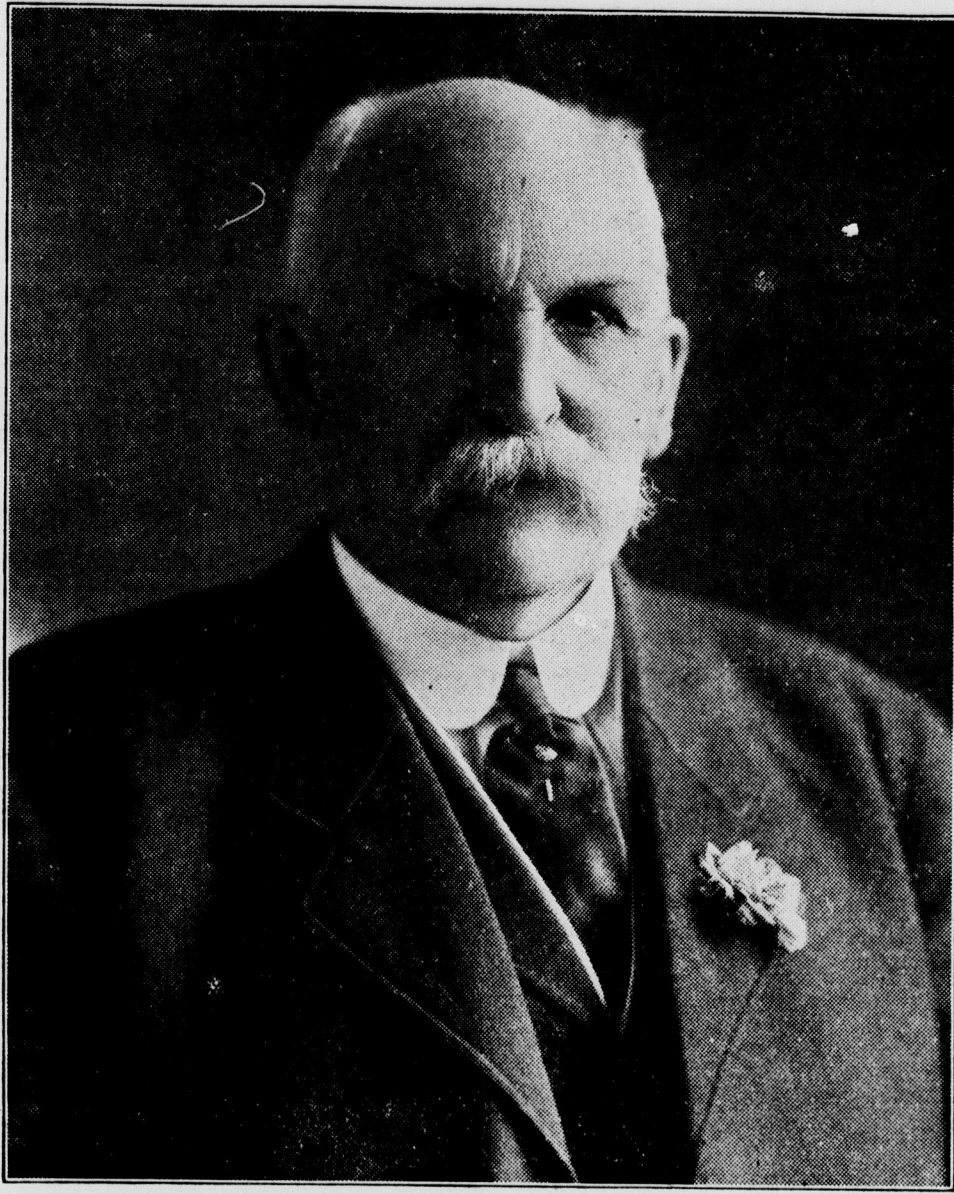
"If asparagus rust had not come into this country as an undesirable alien we might have been content to go along as we were twenty years ago when there was little uniformity of type in the asparagus field. Asparagus has persisted in remaining uncivilized in all its habits of growth and reproduction. No other cultivated plant establishes itself so readily in our wild growth and that without and reversion in type. Go where you will in New England, you will find wild asparagus. I claim we have only captured a wild plant and have as yet to domesticate it.

"The introduction of the asparagus rust from Europe changed the face of the asparagus map. From around New York, where it was probably accidentally introduced in 1895, it spread in every direction, leaving a wreck of rusted-out fields in its trail, reaching the Pacific Coast in 1901.

"As soon as the rust began its devastation, remedial measures were demanded and spraying work was taken up by experimental stations in different states. Except in California,

JUDGE S. C. DENSON REPUBLICAN Candidate for Superior Court Bench

Resident of Burlingame for the last four years.



where Prof. Smith developed the dry sulphur spray, this work was not taken up by the growers. It was too expensive for the small grower and one farmer would reinfest every field in the neighboring by leaving his field unsprayed.

"Breeding work for disease-resistant strains of cotton, cowpeas, etc., about this time began to receive attention from the general public. From the successes with this work in the south, the asparagus growers in Concord and vicinity conceived the idea that it would be a good thing if a rust-resistant could be developed. They proceeded with their usual promptness to carry out the idea.

"The Massachusetts Asparagus Growers' Association was organized in the spring of 1906, having as its object the restoration of asparagus to its immunity from rust or the discovery of a species that shall be rust resistant and the dissemination of information in relation to its growing and marketing.

WITHSTANDS GREAT HEAT.

It has been found by experiment that when the impure forms of beauite containing considerable iron oxide are exposed to intense heat the beauite is converted into a solid mass of emery which is so hard that it can barely be cut by steel tools and resists chemical, thermal, and mechanical action to a marked degree. Recent applications of beauite in brick according to the United States Geological Survey are in the lining of rotary cement kilns, lead-refining furnaces, and basic open-hearth steel furnaces.

MICHAEL SHEEHAN FOR SHERIFF

Michael Sheehan, constable in the second township, and for many years a probation officer, in which position he has made a good record, announces his candidacy for sheriff in another column.

Notice. The cleaning of fine fabrics from this date on will be cleaned in San Francisco and pressed in South San Francisco. Suits made to order \$20 up. All kinds of alterations made. Work called for and delivered. Phone Gaerdes Grocery Store. Hours from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. E. A. Shapland, Tailor. Advt.

\$1550 cash buys house, lot and furniture of C. F. Godden, No. 411 Commercial avenue. Advt.

FRATERNAL DIRECTORY.

Francis Drake Lodge, No. 376, F. & A. M., meets at Metropolitan Hall first Friday every month for stated meetings. E. N. Brown, Master. H. F. Mingledorff, Secretary.

South San Francisco Lodge, No. 850, The Fraternal Brotherhood, meets every 2d and 4th Mondays in Lodge Hall. W. C. Schneider, President. Leon DeLange, Secretary.

Tippecanoe Tribe No. 111, I. O. R. M., meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Metropolitan Hall. Visiting Bros. welcome. P. L. Kauffmann, Sachem. G. E. Kiessling, Chief of Records.

South City Aerie No. 1473, F. O. E., meets every Tuesday evening in Metropolitan Hall at 8 p. m. Oswald Lockhart, Worthy President. Geo. A. Kneese, Secretary. Visiting brothers welcome.

San Mateo Lodge, No. 7, Journeymen Butchers, P. and B. A., meets every 1st and 3d Mondays in the Lodge Hall, at 7:30 p. m. Peter Lind, President. J. E. Sullivan, Secretary.

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Light and Heavy Hauling promptly attended to. Baggage and Freight transferred to and from Railroads, Hotels, Residences, Etc., at reasonable rates.

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Ladies' suits to order, \$20 up. Dress skirts, \$6 up. All kinds of repairing, cleaning and pressing done in a first class manner.

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South San Francisco

Expert Hair Cutting, Hot Baths, Razors Honed
—AT—
METROPOLITAN BARBER SHOP

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS. San Mateo County

JOS. H. NASH

(Incumbent) Candidate for

COUNTY CLERK

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

P. P. CHAMBERLAIN

(Incumbent) Candidate for

COUNTY TREASURER

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

JOHN F. DAVIS

(Incumbent) Candidate for

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

First Township

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

R. J. ALBERT

Candidate for

COUNTY RECORDER

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

W. J. SMITH

Candidate for

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

First Township

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

A. McSWEENEY

(Incumbent) Candidate for

COUNTY LICENSE and TAX COLLECTOR

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

KENNETH M. GREEN

Candidate for

DISTRICT ATTORNEY

Regular Republican Nominee at the Last Election Under the Old Primary Law.

GEO. A. KNEESE

Candidate for

COUNTY SURVEYOR

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

C. D. HAYWARD

(Incumbent) Candidate for

COUNTY ASSESSOR

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

GEORGE H. BUCK

(Incumbent) Candidate for

SUPERIOR JUDGE

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

MICHAEL SHEEHAN

Candidate for

SHERIFF

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

W. G. SAWIN

Single Tax Candidate for

COUNTY ASSESSOR

Lower Taxation on Improvements. Higher on Vacant Land. Somers System of Assessments.

J. H. MANSFIELD

(Incumbent) Candidate for

SHERIFF

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

J. J. SHIELDS

Candidate for

COUNTY AUDITOR

(Incumbent) Candidate for

Phone 365.

F. FURINO

Sanitary Plumbing and Gasfitting Tinning and Jobbing. Estimates furnished new work. All work guaranteed. 553 Grand Avenue South San Francisco California

A. G. BISSETT

CONTRACTOR

All kinds of Grading, Excavating and Dirt Hauling done. South San Francisco, Cal.

JUDGE S. C. DENSON FOR SUPERIOR COURT BENCH

Judge S. C. Denson of Burlingame in another column, announces his candidacy for the superior court bench of San Mateo county.

Born of Southern parents in Adams county, Illinois. Educated in the public schools and at Abingdon College. Came to California when under-age. Lived for a few years in Oroville and continued the study of law until admitted to the bar. Commenced practice at Carson, Nevada. Was a member of the Nevada legislature and served a term as district attorney of Ormsby county. Went from there to Sacramento, where a partnership was formed with Judge H. O. Beatty, and gained a prosperous practice which was abandoned to accept the position of district judge of the sixth district.

On adoption of the new constitution was elected superior judge of Sacramento county.

In 1883 Judge John Hunt, of San Francisco, was nominated by the Republican state convention as candidate for justice of the supreme court, but that year the whole republican ticket was defeated and Judges Ross and Sharpstein, the Democrats, were elected.

Judge Denson soon afterwards resigned as superior judge and resumed the practice of the law, associated with Hon. W. H. Beatty, and continued until Judge Beatty became chief justice of California. The firm enjoyed a large practice and was engaged in many important cases, and in the year 1891 removed to San Francisco and has maintained an office with an extensive practice ever since, but for more than four years has resided in his own house in Easton, this county, and is an enthusiastic believer in the superiority of the Peninsula as a residence region.

For about eight years he was president of the board of trustees of the San Francisco State Normal School. He is a vigorous advocate of reform in what he calls "our criminal law" and has written a work on the subject. His plan is to do away with sentencing offenders to a term in prison, but in place thereof would have them adjudged to be under strict discipline and moral habits during the time required to earn a certain sum of money fixed by the court—the money earned over maintenance cost to be paid to the offender or the excess to be paid him after taking his earnings a part thereof for the support of dependent ones, and in proper cases, to make reparation to those damaged by his crime. It is the judge's hope that if he is again elected to the bench he can give great aid to prison reform.

FAMOUS JURIST OF EARLY DAYS VISITS SCENES OF YOUTH

Appearance of Judge Denson Before the Supreme Court Rouses Old Memories.

This week at the session of the supreme court I noted the appearance at the bar of that tribunal on legal business, Hon. S. C. Denson, which recalled historic incidents and caused me to lift, with magic wand of memory, the curtain of the past. The social, political, professional and judicial record of Judge Denson forms part of the history of this city. He is the son-in-law of that famous old jurist, Hon. H. O. Beatty, and the brother-in-law of our present chief justice of the supreme court, Hon. W. H. Beatty. For years he was a member of the law firm of Beatty, Denson & Beatty.

His connection, professionally, with much of the important litigation of this county made his name a household word. In 1872-73 Judge Denson was called upon by the people to superintend the city public schools, this being his first political performance.

Again, in 1875, his personal popularity caused his election as district judge of the sixth judicial district, which includes the counties of Sacramento and Yolo. He continued district judge until the adoption of the constitution of 1879, which abolished the district court system, and established

the superior courts for the several counties of this state. At the first election under that constitution Judge Denson and Hon. Robert C. Clarke were elected judges of the superior court, for the term of six years each.

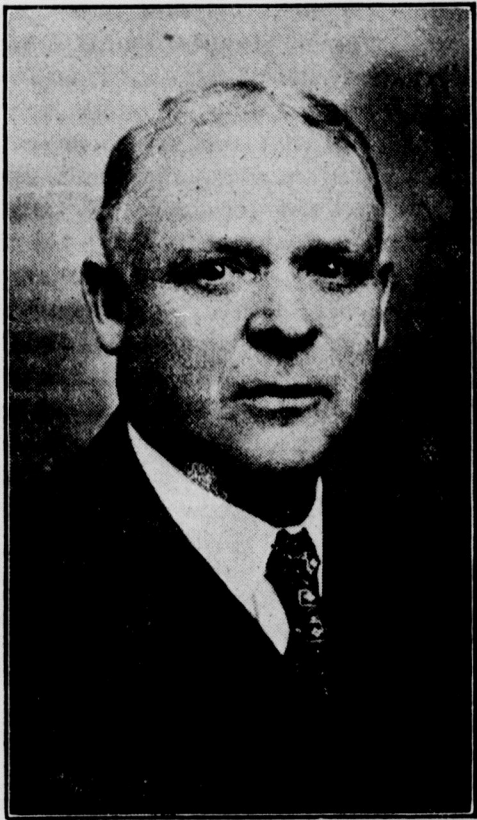
It was during this time that Judge Denson presided at the trial of the most famous murder trial that ever occurred in this state, that of Troy Dye and Edward Anderson, for the murder of an aged farmer at Walnut Grove by the name of A. M. Tullis. The murder was planned by Troy Dye, who was the public administrator, for the purpose of administering upon his estate, which was of great value, the official fees being the incentive. The defendants were represented by the late Creed Haymond, a very able and distinguished lawyer. After a prolonged trial the defendants were convicted and executed.

Another important murder trial over which Judge Denson presided is called to mind—that of a woman, Nancy Hamilton, the only woman ever convicted of murder in this county. Nancy Hamilton, in a jealous rage, shot and killed her husband, who was a railroad engineer, on Seventh street, just opposite the courthouse. She did the shooting while pretending to bestow a loving embrace. With her arms around the neck of her husband, she shot him to death.

In fact, Judge Denson's judicial record is brimming over with notable and sensational cases. In 1882 Judge Denson became wearied of his arduous judicial duties and resigned. Later he removed to San Francisco, and formed a legal partnership with the late J. J. DeHaven, which co-partnership continued until Judge DeHaven was appointed United States district judge.

Judge Denson now resides in San Mateo county, although his business is in San Francisco. I am advised that Judge Denson will be a candidate for judge of the superior court of San Mateo county this fall. There is no man better qualified and equipped for the ermine than our old townman, Hon. Samuel C. Denson.—Judge W. A. Anderson, in Sacramento Union, May 17, 1914.

R. J. ALBERT FOR RECORDER



R. J. Albert, candidate for county recorder, was a visitor to this city yesterday. He reports his campaign progressing satisfactorily, and is traveling about the county making many new acquaintances.

BASEBALL

In a loosely played game the locals defeated the D. N. & E. Walters by a score of 19 to 3. The home team fielded fast, hit good, and ran the bases almost at will. Their opponents next Sunday will be the Juvenile Clothing C. team and a good game is expected. Time 2:30 p. m.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH.

Sunday school, 10:30 a. m.
Epworth League, 6:45 p. m.
Preaching service, 7:30 p. m.
Sermon subject: "The Vision of Dry Bones."
Junior Epworth League, Friday, 3:30 p. m.
Everybody welcome.

Gardening—The undersigned does all kinds of gardening, pruning and grafting in a first-class manner. Leave orders with P. Ruiz at Baden Cash Store. George Della. Advt.

FRATERNAL ORDERS

(By Harry Edwards.)

IMP. O. R. M.

The annual "Council of Sorrow," Improved Order of Redmen and Degree of Pocahontas, was held Sunday last in Temple Sherith Israel, San Francisco. The surroundings, the place, the people attending all added to the color scheme. Sherith Israel is one of the most beautiful places of worship in San Francisco. The occasion, with its order of exercises, was one that will linger in the memories of those present. The organ prelude, the invocation by Rev. Dr. Clemenson, with the introductory remarks by Great Trustee Edgar C. Levy, proved to be the keynotes of the "Council of Sorrow." The quartet proved a revelation to those who had not previously attended service in memorial of the Imp. O. R. M. The roll of honored dead for the Degree of Pocahontas was read by Great Wenonah Julia Owens. For the Imp. O. Redmen, Great Chief of Records Forter L. Bliss did similar service. The organ accompaniment during the reading of names proved very impressive. The memorial address by Bro. Sam Shortridge was a magnificent tribute to those who had gone before. His theme was the principles for which Redmen stand, Freedom, Friendship and Charity. In part, the orator advanced the question which is the eternal one, "If a man die, shall he live again? What we call death is not night, but morning. May we not only think but believe that the grave is not windowless; that life is not only from the cradle to the grave; that the soul of man is a spark of infinite life, which like its creator lives to love; that this love extends beyond this short journey which we call life. We are moved to these thoughts," said the speaker, "by the place in which we are assembled. Men of hallowed memory worshiped here. There are also those who were with us a year ago, but are absent to-day. They are free from the trials of life; have crossed the great divide. Yet their spirits may be with us to-day. They know what freedom is. Friendship, not of the selfish kind, willing to give, not desiring any return. With this principle comes faith in our fellowmen and hope sees a star in the darkest night. What are these in comparison with charity? Shall we say that this virtue is greater than faith or hope? Those whose names have been called to-day, and answered not, must have been good men and women, for did they not subscribe to these principles? Death is no tragedy. This is not a long part of our journey. It is only a tragedy for those who are listening for the prattle of babe, the footfall up the stairs, and those reaching out for the vanished hand, others listening for the sound of the voice that is still. Yes, they have fallen asleep, to wake in the morning to a new and better life. Their lives, of which the flag presented here is an emblem. In friendship they proved faithful to their trust. They were wedded to charity. May this land of the free be ever the home of the oppressed. May our flag, the stars and stripes, be uplifted only for the uplift of humanity. Let us strive to so live that when the summons comes, with an unflinching trust we may cross the great divide, and gathering our garments about us, lie down to rest and pleasant dreams. To those on whose cheek the tear of sorrow is hardly dry, let me say, no mortal sorrow can be perpetual. We shall meet again, for in life did they not a rich experience weave, and make it rich with knowledge and radiant with love blossoming into tender deeds. May the Imp. Order of Redmen with the Degree of Pocahontas prosper. They undoubtedly will, for our principles are those given us by the Great Spirit, and may the Great Spirit ever bless and guide you."

"Consider and Hear Me," by the quartet, benediction by Rev. Dr. N. E. Clemenson, brought the "Council of Sorrow" to its close.

While the "Council of Sorrow" was in session, members of the local tribe, Tippecanoe, No. 111, were assisting in the last sad rites of the late Bro. J. M. Mollory. He was prominent with us in the early days of the local fraternalist, belonging to several or-

ders. Of recent years he was resident of San Francisco. Those who knew him loved him.

Men march ever on to better things,
The race inherits what the future brings;
The flaming torch of progress lights the way,
And leads men through the dark to meet the day.
Earth holds the joys of life in store for all,
And his just share to every man shall fall,
When e'er the new enlightened day shall break,
And all the world in Brotherhood awake."

SHORTRIDGE FOR U. S. SENATOR.

That the popularity of Samuel M. Shortridge, candidate for United States senator on the republican ticket is widespread among the people of the state is made evident by the following which appeared in the San Francisco Call of the issue of April 27th:

"The Slavonic alliance of San Francisco, composed of sixteen societies whose membership embraces several thousand native and naturalized Slavonians, Croats, Bohemians and other kindred affiliated organizations, has unanimously indorsed the candidacy of Samuel M. Shortridge for the republican nomination of United States senator. The resolution reads:

"Be it resolved, that Samuel M. Shortridge be the unanimous choice of the Slavonic alliance for the nomination of United States senator; and be it

"Resolved, that the delegates of all societies belonging to the Slavonic alliance be instructed to announce through the chair, to the members of the societies, the unanimous selection of Samuel M. Shortridge by its delegates."

"Secretary M. Mattanovich was instructed by the society to have a copy sent to each of the similar organizations in cities and towns of the state with a request that similar action be taken."

GRACE EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Services at Grace Episcopal Church, Grand and Spruce avenues, will be held on Sunday, May 24th, at 7:45 p. m. A cordial invitation to all.

F. H. Church, pastor.

New Spring Ties, 50 cents, at Schneider's. Advt.

Join Military Company

11th Company, C. A. C.

Quarters in Big Armory

14th and Mission Sts., San Francisco

Apply R. W. SMITH, Jr.

Summer Hats

AND

Bonnets

Summer Hats and Bonnets for Children. A large assortment to select from. Prices from 20c to \$1.50.

Everything new in Summer Goods.

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Office: Kauffmann Building

South San Francisco, San Mateo Co., Cal.

DR. H. G. PLYMIRE Surgeon

Hours: 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Office, 500 Grand Avenue, South S. F.

J. W. COLEBERD

ATTORNEY AT LAW

South San Francisco, San Mateo Co. Cal.

Just Arrived

A Complete Stock of

New Spring Styles

—OF—

L. A. Crossett and W. B. Douglas
SHOES

Standard Price Goods

Dowd's Shoe Store

To the Laborer and the Investor

Do you know that South San Francisco real estate is the best investment in California to-day? Buy a few lots now and you will soon be in the well-to-do class. See us about building. We can save you money.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM & CO.

Real Estate and Fire Insurance

Postoffice Building

South San Francisco

E. E. JORGENSEN

CONTRACTOR and BUILDER

Estimates given for all kinds of Carpenter work. Repairing Done in a First Class Manner.

LINDEN HOTEL, 210 Linden Avenue,

South San Francisco, Cal.

PHONE 413

South San Francisco RAILROAD TIME TABLE

Jan. 4, 1914.

BAY SHORE CUTOFF.

NORTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:08 a. m.

(Except Sunday)

7:03 a. m.

(Except Sunday)

7:16 a. m.

(Except Sunday)

8:03 a. m.

(Except Sunday)

8:24 a. m.

(Sunday only)

8:44 a. m.

(Except Sunday)

9:23 a. m.

9:53 a. m.

11:23 a. m.

1:07 p. m.

3:42 p. m.

5:14 p. m.

5:32 p. m.

7:04 p. m.

7:28 p. m.

8:12 p. m.

(Except Saturday and Sunday)

11:39 p. m.

(Saturday and Sunday)

SOUTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:47 a. m.

7:22 a. m.

8:28 a. m.

10:58 a. m.

11:58 a. m.

1:37 p. m.

3:17 p. m.

4:37 p. m.

5:24 p. m.

(Except Sunday)

5:58 p. m.

6:25 p. m.

(Except Sunday)

6:47 p. m.

8:28 p. m.

10:22 p. m.

12:02 p. m.

(Theatre Train)

POST OFFICE.

Post Office open from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 8 a. m. to 9 a. m. Money order office open from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. Mails leave Post Office twenty minutes before trains.

MAILS DISPATCHED.

South, 6:02 a. m.

North, 8:03 a. m.

South, 11:57 a. m.

North, 12:13 p. m.

South, 2:18 p. m.

North, 3:41 p. m.

North, 7:03 p. m.

MAILS RECEIVED.

North, 6:02 a. m.

North, 11:57 a. m.

South, 12:13 p. m.

North, 2:18 p. m.

South, 3:41 p. m.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM, P. M.

CITY OFFICIALS

TRUSTEES—G. W. Holston (President), F. A. Cunningham, Geo. H. Wallace, J. H. Kelley, J. C. McGovern.

Clerk.....W. J. Smith
Treasurer.....C. L. Kauffmann
Recorder.....Wm. Rehberg
Attorney.....J. W. Coleberd
Marshal.....H. W. Kneese
Night Watchman.....W. P. Acheson
Health Officer.....Dr. I. W. Keith

BOARD OF HEALTH—Dr. H. G. Plymire, E. E. Cunningham, Wm. Hickey, Dr. I. W. Keith, Geo. Kneese (Secretary).

SCHOOL TRUSTEES—P. D. Broner, C. C. Conrad, E. N. Brown.

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Treasurer.....P. P. Chamberlain
Tax Collector.....A. McSweeney
District Attorney.....Franklin Swart
Assessor.....C. D. Hayward
County Clerk.....Joseph H. Nash
County Recorder.....H. O. Heiner
Sheriff.....J. H. Mansfield
Auditor.....Henry Underhill
Superintendent of Schools.....Roy Cloud
Cor. and Pub. Adm.....Dr. H. G. Plymire
Surveyor.....James B. Neuman
Health Officer.....W. G. Beattie, M. D.

Officials—First Township

Supervisor.....James T. Casey
Justices of the Peace.....E. C. Johnson
.....John F. Davis
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.....J. H. Parker
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ABOLISH GUARANTY LEGEND AND SERIAL NUMBER ON FOODS AND DRUGS.

Are Deceptive and Misleading to the Public, the Three Secretaries Find—Prohibition to Take Effect May 1, 1915—No More Serial Numbers to be Issued or Guaranties Accepted After That Date.

The legend "Guaranteed Under the Food and Drugs Act" is held to be misleading and deceptive, and the use of a serial number on food and drugs is prohibited after May 1, 1915, by a food inspection decision signed May 5th, by the Secretaries of the Treasury, Agriculture, and Commerce. The taking effect of the new regulation is postponed until May 1, 1915, in order to give manufacturers an opportunity to use up their present stocks of labels.

After May 1, 1915, guaranties of compliance with the law should be given by manufacturers directly to dealers and should be incorporated in the invoice or bill of sale specifying the goods covered. This guaranty should not appear on the label or package of the product.

Reasons For Action.

The reasons for the action of the three Secretaries, as given in the decision, are as follows:

(a) It having been determined that the legends "Guaranteed under the Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906," and "Guaranteed by (name of guarantor) under the Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906," borne on the labels or packages of food and drugs, accompanied by serial numbers given by the Secretary of Agriculture, are each misleading and deceptive, in that the public is induced by such legends and serial numbers to believe that the articles to which they relate have been examined and approved by the Government and that the government guaranties that they comply with the law, the use of either legend, or any similar legend, on labels or packages should be discontinued.

Inasmuch as the acceptance by the secretary of agriculture for filing of the guaranties of manufacturers and dealers and the giving by him of serial numbers thereto contribute to the deceptive character of legends on labels and packages, no guaranty in any form shall hereafter be filed with and no serial number shall hereafter be given to any guaranty by the secretary of agriculture shall be stricken from the files, and the serial numbers assigned to such guaranties shall be canceled.

Many reputable manufacturers have used the legend and serial number in good faith solely as a convenient way of notifying a dealer that they assumed full legal responsibility for their goods. Other manufacturers have employed his legend in such way as to lead the public to believe that their product had been passed upon and certified by the Department of Agriculture. The widespread deception of the public resulting necessitated abolishing the department's practice of accepting guaranties for filing and issuing serial numbers.

The Food and Drugs Act does not prescribe any guaranty legend or serial number, nor has any manufacturer ever been required to file a guaranty or to use a serial number or the legend. The appearance of the serial number and the guaranty legend on the products, moreover, has been of no material assistance to the government in detecting or prosecuting violations of the Food and Drugs Act, nor has it promoted the manufacture and sale of pure foods or drugs. The presence of the number and legend on an adulterated or misbranded product does not enable Federal officers to secure any heavier penalty for violations than if the goods were not so labeled, although in many cases it made deception of the public more certain.

The only mention of a guaranty in the Food and Drugs Act is section 9, which provides that where a dealer can show a guaranty from the maker of goods that they comply with the law, the manufacturer, and not the dealer, shall be amenable to prosecution.

History of the Guaranty Legend.

The manufacturers believed it to be commercially inconvenient to give a separate guaranty as part of the bill of sale or invoice to every dealer with every interstate shipment of their goods, and soon after the passage of the act of 1906 asked the committee

appointed by the three secretaries to draft regulations to allow them to file a blanket guaranty to dealers at Washington under which the makers of goods would assume full legal responsibility for all goods manufactured by them and shipped into interstate commerce. This guaranty was not in any sense to be a guaranty to or by the government, but was merely to be a guaranty protecting the dealer from prosecution in accordance with section 9 of the Food and Drugs Act. This permission was granted, and the department assigned a serial number to each of the guaranties so filed. The manufacturer was then allowed to use this serial number on this label in connection with the legend, "Guaranteed under the Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906." There was no requirement, however, that any manufacturer should file such a guaranty.

A large proportion of the public took these words to mean that the government in some way guaranteed the article. In an endeavor to make it clear that the guaranty was not the guaranty of the government, the legend was amended December 8, 1908, to read "Guaranteed by (name of guarantor) under the Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906." The public, however, persisted in taking these words, even after the amended form was employed, to mean that the Federal Government had actually analyzed and found the product so labeled to be pure and wholesome and of standard quality. This misinterpretation on the part of the public was, in some cases, encouraged by manufacturers, and there is no question that the serial number and legend were used in some instances to increase the sale of highly undesirable foods and drugs for interstate shipment of which the manufacturers were later prosecuted and fined.

The only guaranty approved by the new regulation for use after May 1, 1915, is the individual guaranty identifying the goods sold by the manufacturer to the dealer. This guaranty can be incorporated in the invoice or bill of sale specifying the goods covered by use of a form, stamped, or printed in the document, and signed by the manufacturer. When the goods are properly described in the document, they can be referred to in the guaranty, without repetition of the detailed description contained in the invoice or bill of sale. This guaranty should not appear on the label or package of the product. In the meanwhile the public is notified that the presence of a serial number and the words "Guaranteed under the Food and Drugs Act" on packages merely means a guaranty to the dealer that the manufacturer is legally responsible for his goods, and in no sense implies that the Federal authority has investigated or approved the quality of the goods so labeled.

The remainder of the regulation which deals with the method of using the guaranty is as follows:

(b) The use on the label or package of any food or drug of any serial number required to be canceled by paragraph (a) of this regulation is prohibited.

(c) Any wholesaler, manufacturer, jobber, or other party residing in the United States may furnish to any dealer to whom he sells any article of food or drug guaranty that such article is not adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of the Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906, as amended.

(d) Each guaranty to afford protection shall be signed by, and shall contain the name and address of the wholesaler, manufacturer, jobber, dealer, or other party residing in the United States making the sale of the article or articles covered by it to the dealer, and shall be to the effect that such article or articles are not adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of the Federal Food and Drugs Act.

(e) Each guaranty in respect to any article or articles should be incorporated in or attached to the bill of sale, invoice, bill of lading, or other schedule, giving the names and quantities of the article or articles sold, and should appear on the labels or packages.

(f) No dealer in food or drug products will be liable to prosecution if he can establish that the articles were sold under a guaranty given in compliance with this regulation.—Washington Weekly News Letter.

PAY OF BRITISH POST- MEN AND POLICEMEN

An increase of pay to the extent of 2s. 6d. has just been announced to the Metropolitan police, making their maximum pay 2 pounds a week. This is to be given at once to all men who have performed fifteen years' service. In comparison with this it will take a London District postman, who has already performed twenty-three years' service, another nine years to obtain the 2s. increase which has just been granted by the postmaster-general; in fact, he will not receive the first shilling until six years from now. (The maximum weekly wage of a Central London postman is 43 shillings.)

It has been pointed out by Mr. Samuel that postoffice servants enjoy quite a number of advantages which do not fall to the lot of men in other trades. They are always secure in their employment, subject to good conduct; receive pensions on the retirement equivalent to two-thirds of their wage; have free medical attendance and full pay during sickness up to a period of six months, with half pay, if necessary, for another six months, no deduction being made from wages under the Insurance Act. They have a holiday on full pay for two or three weeks a year, according to their class, in addition to Bank holiday, Christmas day and Good Friday, postmen being given uniform and boot allowance.

In spite of these privileges, however, the rank and file of the postoffice, for the reasons stated, are seething with discontent, and it is fully recognized by the most impartial people that, unless this discontent is removed, this country will, sooner or later, be in the throes of a strike which will demoralize business to a far greater extent than the national railway and coal strikes.—London Tit-Bits.

Teetotal Royalties

Many of the crowned heads of Europe are themselves total abstainers, but give the best of wine to their friends. King Alfonso of Spain drinks neither wine nor spirits, nor does his mother, Queen Christina. His consort, Queen Victoria, occasionally drinks a glass of wine. The young King of Spain finds alcoholic drinks unpalatable, but the royal cellars at Madrid are famous, and remarkably fine wines are served at the palace.

King Ferdinand of Bulgaria is a rigid abstainer. It is said that he adopted this course some years ago on the advice of his mother, the late Princess Clementine d'Orleans, who preserved her brilliant faculties until she died at close upon 90.

The Queen of Holland and Queen Emma of Holland are very rigid in the principle of abstinence. Wine is served in the palace only because Prince Henry insisted on it when he was married. The King and Queen of Sweden are also blue ribbonites in principle.

"Standing by" the Butcher.

"How is it," inquired a young bride of an old married friend, "that you always manage to have such delicious beef?"

"It's very simple," said the older woman, "I first select a good, honest butcher, and then I stand by him."

"You mean that you give him all of your trade?"

"No; I mean that I stand by him while he is cutting the meat."

Couldn't be Right.

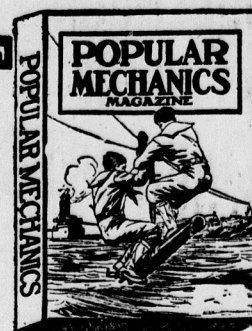
"What name are you calling?" asked the telephone girl over the wire.

"McCohan," the customer answered.

"I beg pardon?" asked the girl.

The man repeated it.

The wire was silent for a moment, then the girl said: "Wait a moment, please. I think the wires are crossed."



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APPLY TO

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Girl With the Lariat

When Loyd Brayton was graduated from college, having means, he thought he would like to go west and become a rancher. So he bought a sheep ranch with a good house on it and well stocked. Then he settled himself to wait for his sheep to grow and their wool to stand out thick on their sides.

For awhile riding over his broad acres and doing a little bossing mornings kept him contented. But it wasn't long before he began to pine for something more exciting. An opportunity was afforded him by seeing one day a girl chasing a steer. There was something picturesque in her galloping over the ground, her alpine broad brim hanging to her neck by its ribbons and her hair streaming behind her. Brayton, who was on horseback, put spurs to his animal to help her. But she didn't heed him, for before he reached her she drew a lariat, caught the steer by the horns and held on to him till some punchers came up and relieved her.

The girl was the daughter of a neighboring rancher, Evan MacDougall, a Scotchman, who had recently come to America for the purpose of cattle raising.

Brayton complimented the girl on her exploit, and then and there began an acquaintance that gave the young easterner something to occupy his mind. He spent many of his mornings riding with her and most of his evenings at her father's ranch. Pingpong was in fashion at the time, and, the MacDougalls having a good table for the purpose, Jennie and Loyd spent a lot of time batting the tiny ball between them. But the celluloid sphere was only typical of the love taps that were passing between them. When Jennie sent it it was to say, "I don't love you," and when it went back it seemed to carry the message, "Yes, you do; and know you do." And so the ball kept flying.

The affair went on till Brayton took it into his head that he would go east. His affair with the ranch girl he regarded as a pastime, and the idea of breaking with her didn't trouble him at all. If his going affected her she was too proud to show it. He tried hard to make her show her colors on the separation, but she resolutely kept them muffled. It is singular how a man will consider a woman not for him and at the same time try to make her show that she wishes to be his.

The day before he was to take his departure he was out on his horse some distance from his ranch. It happened that Jennie MacDougall had lost a pet antelope, and she, too, had ridden afield looking for it. She knew every foot of the country, and Brayton knew very little about it. Reining up on a rise in the ground, Jennie saw Loyd half a mile away riding toward a dangerous quicksand.

"Great heavens!" she exclaimed, "Suppose he doesn't know it's there!"

The young man rode on as lightly, as carelessly as if his horse were treading on flowers. Jennie's cheek blanched. He was within 100 feet of the quicksand, while she was half a mile away from him, with no other person in sight. Then suddenly his horse began to flounder. His rider gave him the spur, but to no purpose.

Down came Jennie's quirt on her horse's flank, and like a flash he darted to the rescue. But his rider had no hope. She knew the sucking properties of the dreaded quicksand and that before she could reach the man it was dragging down to death he would be half buried in it. What would she do to save him? If she rode near enough to extend a hand she, too, would be drawn in. Though she drove her horse on a gallop, Brayton's horse had disappeared before she reached the quicksand. Brayton himself was engulfed to his waist. He believed himself lost.

"Goodby, dear heart!" he cried.

Jennie seldom went out without firearms and never without her lariat. She rode up so near and so fast to the quicksand that she was obliged to pull her horse back on his haunches to save herself from going into it. Then instinctively her fingers clasped her lariat coiled to her saddle. Uncoiling it, she began to swing it in the air, her eye fixed on her object, then it left her and fell around Brayton.

Turning her horse's head, she urged him slowly away. The rope tightened without breaking and encircled the sinking body about the chest.

It was now a question whether the rope, the girl and the horse were strong enough to drag the man from the quicksand. Jennie fixed one end of the lariat firmly to the saddle and, restraining her horse so far as possible from jerking, let him out by degrees. A lariat is not a weakly article, and Jennie's stood the test. Slowly Brayton was pulled from the quagmire from the back of the horse that went down to its death. Reaching hard ground, he sprang to the girl, who was reeling in her saddle, and she fell into his arms.

When she came to herself again a great change had come over her relations with Brayton. He was holding her, muttering now his gratitude, now that she would awake and tell him that she loved him. It was all too incoherent for repetition, but it indicated that what had been intended for passing the time had become a grand passion.

Brayton didn't go east. He remained where he was and married Jennie MacDougall.—Dwight Norwood.

THE MISCHIEVOUSNESS OF EXTRAVAGANCE

One of the leading bankers of the day recently told the shareholders of the institution with which he is prominently connected that the worldwide scarcity of money and the difficulty both governments and large corporations have met in trying to negotiate loans are due quite as much to the extravagance of these times as to the waste of war in the Balkans and Mexico. In order to build a railroad or even a large build from which no earnings can be expected during the construction it is necessary to borrow the money that will pay for the labor and materials from those who have saved it, or else pay the cost by getting the thousands who sell their labor or their materials to accept tokens of indebtedness in some form or other. In private business, of course, the former method is the one adopted, but in the case of nations themselves the issuing of bonds or of paper money often amounts to an adoption of the latter system.

If no one saves anything then enterprise on a large scale is paralyzed by the lack of money to tide it over the constructive period. If sufficient money is saved by the people out of the profits withdrawn from active use in business or from income not expended by the owners, these necessary borrowings may be provided for and permanent improvements can be made by municipalities or corporations. If a mad wave of extravagance sweeps the country, it finds itself in the position of a borrower at once. Usually some substantial portion of the community does save money, and in that way saves the rest from serious difficulties.

In the opinion of international bankers the world has been more extravagant for several years than in any period known to history since Roman times, and this extravagance has been accompanied by a rise in prices which has made it very hard for those who are not wasteful and who do save money in ordinary times to put by the usual margin of their income against life's contingencies. Permanent improvements of all kinds must be halted until savings catch up and the equilibrium is restored. The danger signal is always difficulty in finding investors who have spare funds with which they can purchase high class bonds or make sound mortgage loans. It is for a clear indication of the ability of investors to take up fresh offerings of high class securities that the business world is waiting today and the test will come within the next six months. Extravagance as expressed in motor cars and other luxuries is what the great financial authorities of the world are most afraid of to-day.

Wasn't Exactly Sure.

"You came home pretty late last night, dear," remarked a wife to her husband one morning. "What time was it?"

"Well, I don't know exactly," he replied, "but I should say that it was a little too late for one o'clock and too early for three o'clock."

WARNING AGAINST DANGEROUS PRESERVING POWDERS AND CANNING COMPOUNDS USED BY THE HOUSEWIFE.

The attention of the department has recently been called to the widespread use, especially in rural communities, of salicylic acid in putting up preserves. The head of a large drug and chemical supply house states that people living in southwest Virginia, North and South Carolina, Kentucky, Tennessee, and western Georgia have been purchasing salicylic acid in one-fourth-pound packages for a number of years and that this practice has grown to an enormous extent. This dealer states further that only a few weeks ago he received an order from one wholesale grocer for 50 gross of these goods.

The department is aware that this practice is not confined to salicylic acid under its own name alone, but that large quantities of this acid, and of boric acid as well, are sold under fanciful names as preserving powders or canning compounds at prices which are much in excess of their real value.

In the directions for use the housewife is told to fill the jar with the fruit or vegetables, cover with water, and add a teaspoonful of the powder. It is true that these powders may prevent the decay of the fruit or vegetables, but they also encourage uncleanly or careless work, and their excessive use may be attended with very serious effects upon the health. Salicylic acid is a medicine of the greatest value in acute articular rheumatism and certain other diseases. It is well known as a poisonous substance, and one of the evils which accompany its use is derangement of the digestion. It is therefore plain that its extensive use in food may lead to disturbance of digestion and health.

It is entirely practicable to put up both fruits and vegetables in such manner that, if not opened, they will keep indefinitely, by sterilizing the products by means of heat, and there is no excuse for running any risk by using preserving powders. The Department of Agriculture has issued the following Farmers' Bulletins on canning and preserving:

F. B. 203. Canned Fruit, Preserves, and Jellies.

F. B. 359. Canning Vegetables in the Home.

F. B. 521. Canning Tomatoes at Home and in Club Work.

These bulletins, which may be obtained without cost by applying to the division of publications of the department, give exact directions for canning and preserving foods without the use of preserving powders or canning compounds.—Washington Weekly News Letter.

MAN'S MOST FAITHFUL FRIEND.

The Famous Tribute of Senator Vest of Missouri, to the Dog.

Senator Vest, of Missouri, was attending court in a country town in that state, and waiting for the trial of a case in which he was interested, he was urged by the attorneys in a dog case to help them. He was paid a fee of \$250 by the plaintiff. Voluminous evidence was introduced to show that the defendant had shot the dog in malice, while other evidence went to show that the dog had attacked the defendant. Vest took no part in the trial and was not disposed to speak. The attorneys, however, urged him to make a speech, else their client would not think he had earned his fee. Being thus urged, he arose, scanned the face of each jurymen for a moment and said:

"Gentlemen of the Jury: The best friend man has in this world may turn against him and become his enemy. His son or daughter that he has reared with loving care, may prove ungrateful. Those who are nearest and dearest to us, those whom we trust with our happiness and our good name may become traitors to their faith. The money that a man has he may lose. It flies from him, perhaps, when he needs it most. A man's reputation may be sacrificed in a moment of ill-considered action. The people who are prone to fall to their knees to do us honor when success is with us, may be the first to throw the stones of malice when failure settles its cloud upon our heads. The one absolutely unselfish friend that man can have in this world, the

one that never deserts him, the one that never proves ungrateful or treacherous, is his dog. A man's dog stands by him, in prosperity and poverty, in health and sickness. He will sleep on the cold ground where the wintry winds blow, and the snow drives fiercely, if only he may be near his master's side. He will kiss the hand that has no food to offer; he will lick the wounds and sores that come in encounter with roughness of the world. He guards the sleep of his pauper master as if he were a prince. When all other friends desert, he remains. When riches take wings and reputation falls to pieces, he is as constant in his love as the sun in its journeys through the heavens.

"If misfortune drives the master forth an outcast in the world, friendless and hopeless and homeless, the faithful dog asks no higher privilege than that of accompanying him to guard him against danger, to fight against his enemies. And when the last scene of all comes, and death takes the master in its embrace, and his body is laid away in the cold ground, no matter if all friends pursue their way, there by the graveside will the noble dog be found, his head between his paws, his eyes sad, but in alert watchfulness, faithful unto death."

Then Vest sat down. He had spoken in a low voice, without a gesture. He made no references to the evidence or merit of the case. When he had finished the judge and jury were wiping their eyes. The judge returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for \$500. He had sued for \$250.—Rocky Mountain Eagle Call, 1906.

An Appropriate Name.

Aunt 'Liza's former mistress was talking to her one morning, when suddenly she discovered a little pickaninny standing shyly behind his mother's skirts. "Is this your little boy, Aunt 'Liza?" she asked.

"Yes, Miss, dat's Prescription."

"Goodness, what a funny name, Auntie, for a child! How in the world did you happen to call him that?"

"Ah simply calls him dat becauz Ah has sech hahd wuk gettin' him filled."

ORDER CALLING FOR ELECTION FOR FORMATION OF MILLBRAE SANITARY DISTRICT.

WHEREAS, the petition of twenty-five persons and more, residents and free-holders within the boundaries of the proposed Sanitary District as hereinafter described, was on the 20th day of April, 1914, duly presented to the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo, State of California, and was ordered filed with the Clerk of said Board, and the same having been duly filed with the Clerk of said Board as ordered, which said petition reads as follows:

"Pursuant to the requirements as set forth in Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of Act 3349 contained in the General Laws of the State of California, providing for the formation of sanitary districts, we the undersigned twenty-five or more resident freeholders of Millbrae, County of San Mateo, State of California, hereby submit a petition that an election be called at this place for the formation of a sanitary district to be known as 'Millbrae Sanitary District, No. 1,' the boundaries of said district to be defined as follows:

All that piece or parcel of land situated in San Mateo County, State of California, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the Southwesterly line of Cypress Avenue, Millbrae, if produced one hundred (100) feet in a Southeasterly direction from the Southeastery line of Millbrae Avenue, thence Southwesterly and parallel with said Southeastery line of Millbrae Avenue and distant therefrom one hundred (100) feet four hundred and fifty (450) feet, more or less; thence, at right angles and passing through a sharp angle point in a Southerly direction, one thousand and twenty-five (1025) feet, more or less to a point which is one hundred (100) feet Northwesterly from the Southeastery boundary line of the property known as the Taylor Estate; thence, at right angles and parallel with said property line and distant therefrom one hundred (100) feet seven thousand and one hundred and sixty-five (7165) feet, more or less, to the line of the Tide Land Survey of San Francisco Bay; thence, in a Southerly direction along said Tide Land Survey line, one thousand two hundred and eighty (1280) feet, more or less, to a point which is distant one hundred (100) feet Southeastery from the Southeastery line of Millbrae Avenue if produced in a Northeastery direction; thence, Southwesterly and parallel with said Southeastery line of Millbrae Avenue and distant therefrom one hundred (100) feet five thousand nine hundred and fifty feet (5950) feet, more or less, to the point of beginning," said petition having affixed thereto the signature of each of said petitioners, in his own proper handwriting; and

WHEREAS, upon the presentation and filing of said petition said Board of Supervisors proceeded to hear said petition and did thereupon consider the same and call George F. Johnston as a witness to prove the facts set forth in said petition, which said witness being first duly sworn, according to law, deposed and stated that he had read said petition and did thereupon consider the same and that the facts therein stated were true of his own knowledge; that each of said petitioners whose names are affixed to said petition is personally known to him, and that at the time each of said names was so affixed to said petition and at the time said petition was presented to this Board each of said petitioners was a resident and freehold-

er within the proposed sanitary district, as stated in said petition. That each of the signatures attached to said petition has the genuine signature in his own personal handwriting of the petitioner in purports to represent, and that each of said petitioners subscribed his name to said petition in the presence of deponent, the aforesaid witness, and thereupon this Board did and does hereby ascertain, determine and find as a fact that each of said petitioners at the time of the signing of said petition, and at the time said petition was presented to this Board, was a resident and freeholder within the proposed sanitary district, as set forth and described in said petition. That each of said petitioners personally signed said petition, and that all of the facts set forth and stated in said petition are true;

THEREFORE, it is hereby ordered by the Board of Supervisors of San Mateo County, State of California, that a special election be held, and the same is hereby called to be held, within the proposed sanitary district described in the petition aforesaid, said proposed sanitary district being within the County of San Mateo, State of California, and is described as follows, to-wit:—

Beginning at a point on the Southwesterly line of Cypress Avenue, Millbrae, if produced one hundred (100) feet in a Southeasterly direction from the Southeastery line of Millbrae Avenue, thence Southwesterly and parallel with said Southeastery line of Millbrae Avenue and distant therefrom one hundred (100) feet four hundred and fifty (450) feet, more or less; thence at right angles and passing through a sharp angle point in a County road, one thousand and twenty-five (1025) feet, more or less to a point which is one hundred (100) feet Northwesterly from the Southeastery boundary line of the property known as the Taylor Estate; thence, at right angles and parallel with said property line and distant therefrom one hundred (100) feet seven thousand and one hundred and sixty-five (7165) feet, more or less, to the line of the Tide Land Survey of San Francisco Bay; thence, in a Southerly direction along said Tide Land Survey line, one thousand two hundred and eighty (1280) feet, more or less, to a point which is distant one hundred (100) feet, Southeastery from the Southeastery line of Millbrae Avenue if produced in a Northeastery direction; thence, Southwesterly and parallel with said Southeastery line of Millbrae Avenue and distant therefrom one hundred (100) feet five thousand nine hundred and fifty (5950) feet, more or less, to the point of beginning.

And at which election it will be submitted to the qualified electors resident within said proposed sanitary district, as set forth within the foregoing boundaries, whether the territory embraced within the foregoing boundaries shall be organized and formed into a sanitary district to be known as Millbrae Sanitary District, No. 1, under the law aforesaid and in the manner set forth in said petition. At such election persons to fill the offices provided for by the aforesaid Act, to-wit, one Sanitary Assessor and five members of the Sanitary Board, shall be voted for. Said election is hereby ordered to be held on Tuesday, June 23d, 1914, and for the purpose of holding said election this Board hereby designates and selects the Millbrae Public School House in Millbrae, said school house being located on the north side of Chadbourne Avenue, four blocks west of the County Road, as the polling place for said election, said place being within the boundaries of said proposed sanitary district. At such election hereby ordered the polls shall be opened at six o'clock in the morning of the day of such election, and must be kept open until seven o'clock in the afternoon of said same day, when the polls shall be closed. The territory embraced within the boundaries hereinbefore set forth as comprising the proposed sanitary district, is hereby designated and constituted a voting precinct for the purpose of said special election, and for the purpose of conducting said special election there is hereby appointed for said precinct the following named persons to fill the following named offices:

Inspector: Levi Raymond Laue.
Judge: G. Furrer.
Judge: J. M. Johnston.

The manner of voting for or against the formation of said sanitary district and the election of persons to fill the offices of one Sanitary Assessor and five members of the Sanitary Board, shall be as follows, to-wit:

A sufficient number of ballots shall be prepared by the Clerk of this Board, and he is hereby directed to provide same and cause the same to be printed. Said ballots shall contain the words "For Sanitary District" or "Against a Sanitary District" as the case may be and the name of

D. G. Doubleday for Sanitary Assessor

and the names of the following five persons for members of the Sanitary Board:

E. Green
G. F. Johnston
R. Roberts
R. F. Smith
F. A. McNulty

Such election shall be conducted in accordance with the general election laws of this State, so far as the same shall be practical, except as in the Act hereinbefore mentioned is otherwise provided, and the acts amendatory thereto and the Clerk of this Board is hereby directed to take all of the steps and perform all of the acts necessary for the holding of said special election, in accordance with the statutes in such case made and provided.

Said election officers before entering upon the discharge of each of their respective duties shall take and subscribe the oath required by law, and immediately after the closing of the polls at such special election they shall proceed to canvass the votes cast at such special election and determine the result of such special election, and thereafter they shall make their report of the result of such special election, in the manner and form required by law, to the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo, State of California.

It is further ordered that a copy of this order shall be posted for four successive weeks prior to the election aforesaid in three public places within the proposed sanitary district. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order shall also be published once a week for four successive weeks prior to the date of such election aforesaid in "The Enterprise", a newspaper printed and published in South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, there being no newspaper published within the proposed sanitary district.

On motion the said preamble and order was duly passed by the following vote, to-wit:

Ayes: Supervisors: Jas. T. Casey, John MacBain, D. E. Blackburn and W. H. Brown.

Noes: Supervisors: none.

Absent: Supervisor J. M. Francis.

By order of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo, State of California.

JOS. H. NASH,
Clerk of said Board.

5-23-51

SAN BRUNO NEWS.

SAN BRUNO METHODIST CHURCH.
Sunday school, 10:00 a. m.
Prayer meeting, Thursday, at 8:00 p. m.

John Zaro has rented P. Masson Smith's house on the state highway.

N. Biagini and family have moved from Mr. Horn's cottage to Belle Air Park.

Mrs. Toso has been visiting the past two weeks with her cousin, Mrs. Jack Bon of Berkeley.

Little Nancy Gibson of Lomita Park, who has been quite ill with pneumonia, is slowly recovering.

Mr. Jenevein's new house on San Mateo avenue is rapidly approaching completion, and will soon be ready for occupancy.

Mr. and Mrs. Brush of San Francisco have rented Mr. Keelman's bungalow in Lomita Park and are now occupying the same.

Mrs. Hensley and Miss Simmons of the Hensley-Green Co. were visitors in San Bruno Tuesday. Mrs. Hensley was out in the interest of her property known as The Log Cabin.

The patriotic entertainment given by the Catholic Church in Green's Hall last Saturday was well attended. The program was well rendered and all who were present report a good time.

Another good whist party at the Yeomen next Tuesday evening at Green's Hall. Be there and have a good time. Prizes, refreshments, dancing and score cards for only 25 cents.

Died—In San Bruno Park, May 16th, Ethel Margaret Brown, beloved daughter of Claude S. and Vornie Brown and sister of Claude and Catherine Brown, a native of San Francisco. The funeral services were held Monday morning from the San Bruno undertaking parlors.

High class motion pictures at Green's Hall, San Bruno, every Sunday evening and Sunday matinee. Admission, adults 10 cents, children 5 cents. Show at 8:15 p. m., matinee 2:30 p. m. Adv.

Another one of our San Bruno's young ladies was joined in wedlock last Wednesday when Miss Luvina Jenevein became the bride of James Gamble of San Francisco. The bride has a host of friends who wish her and her husband every joy and happiness that life can bestow.

Our smiling barber, Chas. Shoellkopf, is introducing his many friends to his bride. The wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Schoellkopf came as quite a surprise to his friends, for he slipped away very quietly and returned Sunday with a wife. We all extend congratulations and wish them much joy and happiness.

San Bruno is a very busy town these days. Our county road is rapidly nearing completion and will be one of the finest roads in the county when finished. At Uncle Tom's Cabin some of the old trees near the entrance are being removed thus enabling the passerby a more extended view of the picturesque foliage and scenery.

Last Sunday was Japan Day at the M. E. Church of San Bruno. Our pastor, Rev. Bertels, who has spent six years in that country, gave a very delightful and interesting lecture on the cities and towns and the manner of living, the home, the school and the religious life of the Japanese. He sang a familiar hymn in Japanese language and also spoke some in their tongue.

Mr. Hubner of Huntington Park met with a painful accident while at work last Monday. He was working under a coal barge when a large lump of coal fell and broke the first finger of the left hand, also dislocating both joints of the finger. Mr. Hubner says he was very fortunate to escape as he did. If the chunk had struck him on the head it would have killed him instantly.

COURT NEWS.

People of State of California against John Doe Gorman. Complaint filed alleging petty larceny.

Complaint against Barrow of 16-Mile House. Complaint alleging assault with attempt to commit murder. Defendant arrested and placed under \$10,000 bond.

CAPITAL AWAITS RESULT OF MEDIATION

Activity in Mexican Situation at Washington Relaxed

The situation in Mexico City is considered serious, and it is feared that a rising will occur within a few days.

The resignation of the Minister of Communication, Jose Maria Lozano, has been accepted, but his successor has not been named.

The telegraph wires to San Luis Potosi have been cut and it is believed that the Federals in that district have been defeated.

With mediation proceedings removed to Niagara Falls, Ontario, activity in Washington in the Mexican situation was notably relaxed. The American Commissioners left for the scene of the conference and were followed later by Minister Suarez of Chile, the last of the mediators to leave Washington.

A special telegraph wire from the headquarters of the American representatives at Niagara Falls to the White House was installed and preparations were made for keeping the President in close touch with the proceedings.

All important questions are to be submitted to the President before the American representatives take any action. There was every indication at the White House that officials do not expect a prolonged conference at Niagara Falls, especially since communication by telegraph with Mexico is now good, and there will be no difficulty in obtaining General Huerta's views.

President Wilson and the Cabinet had a general discussion of conditions, but there were no notable developments relating to Mexico.

In the Senate brief debate was precipitated when Senator Williams of Mississippi read a letter from a Government official at Vera Cruz, whose identity he withheld, stating that "the noisiest things in Mexico were American dollars."

Anxiety over the persistent lack of information as to American Consul John R. Silliman at Saltillo, and the ten members of the Smith family reported held at Tonala, Chiapas, continued at the State Department, and diplomatic efforts to obtain definite reports were pressed.

The Brazilian Minister, Secretary Bryan announced, reported conditions quiet in Mexico City, and stated that arrangements had been made to send a special train with 200 refugees from the capital for Puerto Mexico.

Navy Department dispatches made it clear that the Mexican Federals, fleeing from defeat at Tampico, had left the oil fields about that city. Admiral Badger reported that between 2000 and 4000 troops under General Zaragosa had stopped at Panuco City, another oil center, but later evacuated that town.

The oil wells there were unharmed. This news allayed fears of the foreign oil men that their interests might suffer in hostilities between this detachment of Federals and the Constitutional forces or that the wells in this section might be fired by the Federals in their retreat. Oil operators are now returning to resume operations in the Tampico fields, where all is reported quiet.

The Constitutionalists have as yet refrained from any attempt to make a forcible financial levy on the foreign business men of Tampico—a possible cause for diplomatic interference.

According to estimates by the Quarter-master-General, the cost of sending troops to Mexico under present and prospective conditions up to June 30th will amount to \$4,570,000, due to the increase of the Army and the movement of troops. The principal item of this sum is \$2,500,000 for transportation, and there are other items of \$100,000 for subsistence and \$294,000 for pay over and above that which would be required by the troops under normal conditions at home. The pay of officers on foreign service is increased 10 per cent and that of enlisted men 20 per cent. This estimate is imperfect because much depends upon what will occur within the next few weeks.

GENERAL NEWS EVENTS

Every well-dressed woman appeared in the Board Walk fashion parade at Atlantic City, N. J., in a gown of taffeta, the sort that retains its shape just like a stiffly starched apron.

Although the Federal Circuit Court has held the law to be unconstitutional, the Supreme Court of Washington

has upheld the law passed by the 1913 Legislature fixing a \$6000 annual county license for the use of trading stamps, and reversed the King County Superior Court in the case of the State, appellant, against F. S. Pitney.

Portland has started a campaign to reduce the high cost of living by opening a public market place where farmers may sell their wares direct to the consumer. Mayor H. R. Albee and the City Commission officially opened the market after one of the longest parades ever seen in Portland had passed through the main streets. The emblem of the day was the market basket, thousands of which were carried.

Grocers of Seattle have been served with notice from the Master Bakers' Association of the State that they will hereafter receive twenty-eight loaves of bread for \$1 in place of thirty loaves; that the bakers will not allow rebates for unsold bread, and that if the grocers raise the price above 5 cents a loaf the bakers will install their own delivery service and sell bread direct to customers. It is supposed the increased price prevails all over the State.

Within a week Harry K. Thaw will leave the hotel apartments in Concord, N. H., where he has lived for eight months. Accompanied by Sheriff Holman A. Drew of Coos County, his custodian, and Policeman Clark D. Stevens of Concord, his roommate and constant companion, he will spend some time at Stevens' Camp, on Lake Massasecum, near Bradford. After a visit to the Lake Sunapee home of W. A. Halsey of Newark, N. J., Thaw, Drew and Stevens will locate for the summer at a hotel in Gorham, one of the gateways to the White Mountains.

The people of Del Norte County and Curry County, Oregon, are entering a vigorous protest against the action of the forest rangers in the forest reserves in spreading out poison for the birds and small animals, which they claim are destroying the small trees in the replanted sections of the forest reserves. The system now in vogue is to mix strychnine with a kind of salt that is attractive to the birds and to scatter it about among the young trees, and as a result song birds, game birds and small game animals are being killed in large numbers, and are threatened with extinction.

Theodore Roosevelt has returned home from his visit of many months to South America. Accompanied by two naturalists of his party, George K. Cherry and Leo F. Miller, the former President arrived from Para at Quarantine, in New York, on board the Booth liner Aidan. Colonel Roosevelt was noticeably thinner and he used a cane as he walked, but his face wore a healthy tan and he had apparently not lost an ounce of the vigor and energy which have become characteristic of him. After stopping ten days in this country Roosevelt will go to Spain to the wedding of his son, Kermit.

Hope of an immediate settlement of the brickmakers' strike that has kept 150,000 men idle and paralyzed building operations in Chicago for a month, were dissipated. A compromise offer by brick manufacturers, conceding an increased wage of 1 cent an hour to all except men engaged in piece work, was rejected by the brickmakers' district council. The council voted to refuse the wage offer unless the employers granted two working rules wanted by the union. One of these would provide that no time be lost because of breaks in machinery, and the other would establish "closed shops" and provide that no one be discharged except for reasons satisfactory to the union.

The American diplomatic missions to Argentina and Chile were elevated in rank to an embassy from a legation when President Wilson, in the presence of the Argentine and Chilean Ministers to the United States, Romulo S. Naon and Eduardo Suarez, respectively, and a party of prominent officials, signed the two bills passed by Congress for that purpose. To Minister Naon he presented the gold pen with which he signed the Argentine bill, and to Minister Suarez he gave another gold pen which he used in signing the Chilean bill. The two South American nations will reciprocate by raising their diplomatic missions to the United States to embassies. Brazil is the only South American country now having an embassy in Washington, all the others maintaining a legation.

For Sale—Building on San Mateo avenue, good location for Bakery. Price \$1400, \$600 down, balance \$10 a month, no interest. Lot faces two streets. Eight-room house and lot. Lots for sale on easy terms. Also lots for sale, nothing down, balance \$5 per month, no interest, no taxes. See L. M. Pfleger. Take San Mateo car and get off at San Bruno crossing. Adv.

CHURCHES DRAW THROGS TO WORSHIP

Pastors Hope for Permanent Increase

Saint and sinner, professor and backslider, those who were reared in pious ways, but have strayed from the narrow path, as well as those who have never felt the touch of religious fire, found themselves together in the churches of San Francisco Sunday, some comfortable in the familiar sound of hymn and prayer and others wondering if the unaccustomed surroundings would ever become a habit.

Altogether the crusade was a success. In many of the churches the congregations were increased to twice their normal size, and the attendants showed an interest which the leaders say augurs well for their hope that the effect of the movement will not be limited to a single day, but will result in a permanent increase in church-going.

Pastors preached sermons appealing for support for the work for citizenship carried on by the churches, emphasizing the need of spiritual faith to lighten the material things of life, telling again the message of religion for those to whom it was unknown and presenting the value to the individual of concerted action with others for the general good. Special committees stood at the church doors to greet strangers and to make every one feel that another welcome would be ready on future Sundays.

To enable the old and feeble to reach the places of worship, many of the churches impressed all the available automobiles and kept them busy transporting to the services those who might otherwise have been kept away. Escorts were provided also to guide strangers to the churches of their choice.

The churchward movement was the fruition of many weeks of campaigning to keep the day and the idea in the public mind. The crusade was taken up by many religious and semi-religious organizations and received the help of many private and corporate agencies. The San Francisco Church Federation, the Young Men's and Young Women's Christian Associations, the Sunday School Association, the Christian Endeavor Union, the Epworth League and the Baptist Young People's Societies, as well as other organizations, were active in the movement and furnished many workers in the campaign to invite every citizen to go to church on Sunday.

The city was organized into districts under the interdenominational committee headed by Rev. Louis J. Sawyer of the Hamilton-Square Baptist Church. Many methods of publicity were employed. A house-to-house canvass was made by the church workers. Posters on fences, cards in the shop windows, newspaper advertising and printed invitations distributed to individuals were all used. For two days every milk bottle delivered in the city bore an invitation, and many merchants affixed stickers to their parcels. Calvary Presbyterian Church carried a personal invitation to every house between Jackson street and the exposition grounds.

TERSE CALIFORNIA NEWS

A campaign to further the single tax in general and to crystallize sentiment in favor of home rule in taxation, a question which will go on the next ballot, has been launched by San Joaquin County Single Tax Club.

Following a fly-swating campaign of ten days under the auspices of the Fresno Fly-swating League, the first prize of \$10 was awarded to August Fries. During the ten days Fries had turned in forty quarts of flies to the official fly measurer. Awards of \$5 were given to Frank Wong, Charley Tong and several others.

San Joaquin County is to be a district of the California Congress of Mothers if the State organization needs a petition signed by the various presidents of the parent teacher clubs of Stockton. It is expected that definite action will be taken at Pasadena next Wednesday, when the congress will hold its annual meeting.

In a setting of rolling mountain ridges, shimmering cloud billows, tall, straight trees and wonderfully colored foliage, "Shakuntala," a poetic drama written in India some fifteen centuries ago and retrieved from the Sanscrit, was produced on the top of Mount Tamalpais Sunday—a mountain play staged exactly where its scenes might have been enacted. Five thousand enthusiasts enjoyed the experience.

After one of the most fiercely contested campaigns ever held in Humboldt County, Eureka went "wet" at the recent election by the large ma-

jority of 1163 out of a total of 4581 votes. The wets cast 2875 and the dries 1706. Compared with the vote cast two years ago, this is an increase of 800 votes for the wets. It is believed that this vote settles the question of prohibition in Eureka for several years.

The ashes of Ramon Pohli, the Mill Valley youth who lost his life in a fall over a Yosemite cliff about a year ago, while attempting to save a companion from a similar fate, were scattered to the winds from the huge rock that marks the entrance to the Mt. Tamalpais amphitheater. The ceremony was conducted by Rev. G. H. B. Wright. It was witnessed by about fifty relatives and friends of the deceased. Hereafter the rock will be known as "Pohli Rock."

According to the report of City Tax Collector Oswald Lubbock of Alameda, the amount of delinquencies was smaller the past year than ever before. The delinquencies totaled \$3984.36, out of \$197,635.37. The first installment delinquencies amounted to \$1121.10, and the second, \$2863.26. There were 348 owners in all who failed to pay. The first installment of taxes totaled \$105,394.24, and the second \$92,241. The delinquency in 1912-13 amounted to \$4571.79, while that of 1911-12 was \$5401.48.

In response to repeated requests by Stockton civic clubs, produce growers of San Joaquin County have opened a free market in Stockton. Soon after the market was opened it was crowded with consumers, and receipts for the first day totaled nearly \$400. Consumers declare that the market will be a cogent factor in reducing the high cost of living. The profit of the dealer is eliminated, the farmers selling directly to the public at wholesale prices. No clerks will be hired, the farmers taking turns in managing the market.

The culmination of seven weeks' discussion of the proposal to have a woman run for the Republican nomination for Lieutenant-Governor of California came in the announcement that a committee of ten interested women had selected the following possible candidates: Mrs. Helen K. Williams, editor of the Woman's Citizen, a San Francisco publication; Mrs. Lovell White, founder and past president of the California Club, director of the Woman's Board of the Panama-Pacific Exposition, and San Francisco society leader; Mrs. I. Lowenberg, philanthropist and San Francisco club woman. Mrs. Williams first started the movement for a woman for Lieutenant-Governor.

Shasta County is not at war with the Sacramento Valley Development Association and does not intend to be. Shasta and Tehama counties have no desire to quarrel over the respective merits of the Pit River and Iron Canyon irrigation projects and either county will back down when a thorough investigation of both projects proves the project backed by the other county to be more meritorious and a necessary factor in the development of the whole Sacramento Valley. These are two facts which are indelibly impressed upon the minds of the people of Shasta and Tehama counties and the officers and members of the Sacramento Valley Development Association at the regular monthly meeting of that body at Redding.

Cattle thieves made a bold attempt to get away with stock which they drove from fields in the lower end of Suisun Valley, but were frightened away after having landed the stock in the Southern Pacific Company's cattle corrals at Suisun. Seven horses and one mule were stolen from the ranch of K. C. Keene, and two cows and two heifers were taken from a Portuguese renter of the E. B. and A. L. Stone ranch near Thomason. The thieves were seen to put the stock in the cattle corrals by the car checker and immediately took their departure. Robert Garst, employed by the railroad company, was asked by the other employee concerning the stock, and as no one appeared to make inquiries about shipping, he locked the corrals.

In addition to doubling his guards from four to eight, John D. Rockefeller has had installed about the grounds of his Pocantico Hills estate a system of electric lights which he can flash by pressing a button at the head of his bed. Before the demonstrations by the Industrial Workers of the World at the downtown offices of the Standard Oil Company and the threats they would visit his estate, Rockefeller was content with four guards. A similar system is being installed at the home of John D. Rockefeller, Jr.

H. Labourdette has just lowered the price of his place on Baden avenue, which is for sale. It has never been offered at such a low price before. Will sell on terms. For information, see local real estate agents, or write H. Labourdette, Eden Vale, Santa Clara county, Cal. Adv.